

## TRUCKEE MEADOWS

FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
WASHOE COUNTY, NV

THE CITIZENS GUIDE FOR

## WILDFIRE TERMINOLOGY

## REPORTING SIZE-UP!

## WHAT IS THE SIZE?



**SMALL SPOT** About the size of a campfire



**LARGE SPOT** About the size of a bonfire

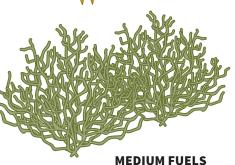


ONE ACRE ≈ FOOTBALL FIELD If it is larger than a bonfire, the fire is described in square feet or acreage

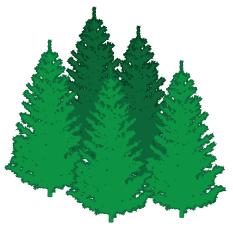
## WHAT TYPE OF FUEL IS BURNING?



#### **LIGHT FUELS** Grass, weeds, and hay



Sagebrush/Vegetation 3-5 ft high



**HEAVY FUELS** Forested or wooded areas

If you are calling 911 to report a fire, these factors are helpful to both Dispatch and to the Fire Department :

## WHAT IS THE RATE OF SPREAD?



**SLOW** Walking speed or no spread



**MODERATE**Jogging Speed



FAST
Running Speed, usually influenced by topography or wind

## WHAT IS THREATENED?



**STRUCTURES**Are there structures nearby?

How far away to the nearest structure?



LIVESTOCK

Is the fire moving towards livestock?



#### **SUBDIVISION**

Is the fire moving towards structures? Is one structure at risk or an entire subdivision?



**TANKS** 

Is the fire moving towards any outside tanks, like propane or fuel?

## O U R VEHICLES

### TYPE 1 STRUCTURE ENGINE

Used for structure protection, a Type 1 Engine has a 750 gallon tank capacity and is capable of pumping 1500 gallons per minute. The engine carries up to 4 personnel and is equipped with 1 ¾ inch hose, 2 ½ inch hose, 3 inch hose, 5 inch hose and ladders.





### TYPE 3 BRUSH ENGINE

Used for off road fire attack, a Type 3 Engine has a minimum 500 gallon capacity and a minimum pump flow of 500 gallons per minute. The engine is 4 wheel drive, carries up to 4 personnel, is equipped with 1 inch hose, 1 ½ inch hose, 3 inch hose, and has the ability to pump and roll.

### TYPE 6 BRUSH ENGINE

Used for direct attack on small spot fires, a Type 6 engine carries a minimum of 150 gallons. This apparatus carries 2 personnel, is equipped with 1 inch hose, 1 ½ inch hose, and has the ability to pump and roll.





## WATER TENDER

Used to resupply engines or fill portable tanks, water tenders carry up to 3,000 gallons of water with an offload capacity of 500 gallons per minute. Water tenders are a vital component to fighting fires in areas that are without water hydrants.

# O U R AIR SUPPORT



## NEVADA DEVISION OF FORESTRY (NDF) HELICOPTER

The Nevada Division of Forestry has a primary focus of inter-agency sharing of resources for wildland firefighting. NDF has 3 Hueys with air bases at the Minden-Tahoe Airport, Stead Airport and the Battle Mountain Airport. During the summer months the 3 Hueys and Helitack personnel are based at the Minden-Tahoe Airport.



### **WCSO RAVEN HELICOPTER**

RAVEN is an HH-1H Huey outfitted with a belly-mounted water tank with a capacity of 323 gallons of water, and 27 gallons of foam. RAVEN assists TMFPD with initial attack/firefighting, area mapping, as well as search and rescue.



### NEVADA ARMY GUARD UH-60 BLACKHAWK

The UH-60 Black hawk is a twin-engine helicopter equipped with a bucket that can carry up to 660 gallons of water.



### **NEVADA ARMY GUARD CH-47**

The CH-47 Chinook is a twin-engine helicopter equipped with a bucket that can carry up to 2,000 gallons of water.



### **HEAVY AIR TANKER**

Air tankers based in Nevada during the fire season are contracted by the Bureau of Land Management and the United States Forest Service.



## SINGLE ENGINE AIR TANKER (SEAT)

## WILDFIRE BASIC EVACUATION KIT

Follow the directions given by fire crews and law enforcement to stay safe. Have an evacuation plan! Practice your plan so that everyone knows where the "Go Bag" is kept, and is comfortable with loading family and pets. Know the drill! Have a communication plan in place to include a neighborhood meeting place, a regional meeting place, and an out of town contact that will serve as the "hub" if family members can't reach one another.

## Stay informed! Sign-up for regional alerts at www.readywashoe.com\*

Washoe County has a telephone notification system for use in times of crisis. The system is known as "Code Red."

While no system can ever be guaranteed to be disaster proof, local officials make every effort to keep the public informed. Every residence with a "land-line" installed telephone is in the 911 database. If you have an unlisted number, or wish to list your cell phone or work phone for emergency notification, you must sign-up.

\*Washoe County cannot guarantee the phone numbers will be included into emergency database.



#### **PRESCRIPTION MEDICATIONS**



**PRESCRIPTION GLASSES** 



**INFANT FORMULA AND DIAPERS** 



**CASH OR TRAVELER'S CHECKS** 



PET FOOD, LEASHES, AND EXTRA WATER FOR PETS



**BATTERIES AND FLASHLIGHTS** 



**DUST MASKS** 



**FOOD AND WATER** 



**CELL PHONES AND CHARGERS** 



FAMILY AND EMERGENCY CONTACT INFORMATION



PERSONAL DOCUMENTS (BIRTH CERTIFICATES, PASSPORTS, INSURANCE POLICIES, ETC.)

### WILDFIRE TERMINOLOGY

## **GLOSSARY**

#### **ANCHOR POINT**

An advantageous location, usually a barrier to fire spread, from which to start constructing a fireline. The anchor point is used to provide for firefighter safety by reducing the chance of being flanked by the fire while the line is being constructed.

#### **BRUSH FIRE**

A fire burning in vegetation that is predominantly shrubs, brush, and scrub growth.

#### **COLD LINE OR COLD TRAIL**

A fireline that has been controlled. The fire has been mopped up for a safe distance inside the line and can be considered safe to leave unattended.

#### CONTAINED

The status of a wildfire suppression action signifying that a control line has been completed around the fire, and any associated spot fires, which can reasonably be expected to stop the fire's spread. The district is very conservative in containment estimates.

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#### **CONTROLLED FIRE**

The complete extinguishment of a fire, including spot fires or burning within the interior. This can occur even after 100% containment.

#### **CONTROL LINE**

An inclusive term for all constructed or natural barriers and treated fire edges used to control a fire.

#### 11 TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

#### **COOPERATING AGENCY OR MUTUAL AID AGENCY**

An agency supplying assistance including but not limited to direct tactical or support functions or resources to the incident control effort.

#### **DIRECT ATTACK**

Any treatment applied directly to burning fuel such as wetting, smothering, or chemically quenching the fire or by physically separating the burning vegetation from unburned vegetation.

#### **EXPOSURE**

Property that may be endangered by a fire burning in another structure or by a wildfire. Exposure may also indicate the direction in which a slope faces, usually with respect to cardinal directions.

#### **EXTENDED ATTACK**

A wildland fire that has not been contained or controlled by initial attack forces within the first 24 hours. The complexity level of the incident will increase beyond the capabilities of initial attack forces.

#### **FLANKS OF A FIRE**

The parts of a fire's perimeter that are roughly parallel to the main direction of spread.

#### **HANDLINE**

Fireline constructed with hand tools.

#### **HEAD OF A FIRE**

The most rapidly spreading portion of a fire's perimeter. A developing wildland fire can have multiple heads.

#### INDIRECT ATTACK

A method suppression in which the control line is located some considerable distance away from the fire's active edge. Generally done in the case of a fast-spreading of high-intensity fire.

#### **INITIAL ATTACK (IA)**

A preplanned response to a wildfire given the wildfire's potential. Initial attack may include size up, patrolling, monitoring, holding action or suppression within the first 24 hours.

#### **KNOCK DOWN**

To extinguish the flame and reduce heat on the burning parts of a vegetation to prevent any further fire growth.

#### **MOP UP**

Extinguishing or removing burning material near control lines, felling snags, and trenching logs to prevent rolling after an area has burned, to make a fire safe, or to reduce residual smoke.

#### **POCKETS OF A FIRE**

Unburned indentations in the fire edge formed by fingers or slow burning areas.

#### **RED FLAG WARNING**

A warning issued by the National Weather Service to alert the community of conditions that could lead to rapid or dramatic increases in wildfire activity. This may be any combination of low relative humidity, strong winds, and/or dry fuels.

#### **SCRATCH LINE**

An unfinished preliminary control line hastily established or constructed as an emergency measure to check the spread of fire.

#### **SPOTTING**

Behavior of a fire producing sparks or embers that are carried by the wind and which start new fires beyond the zone of direct ignition by the main fire.

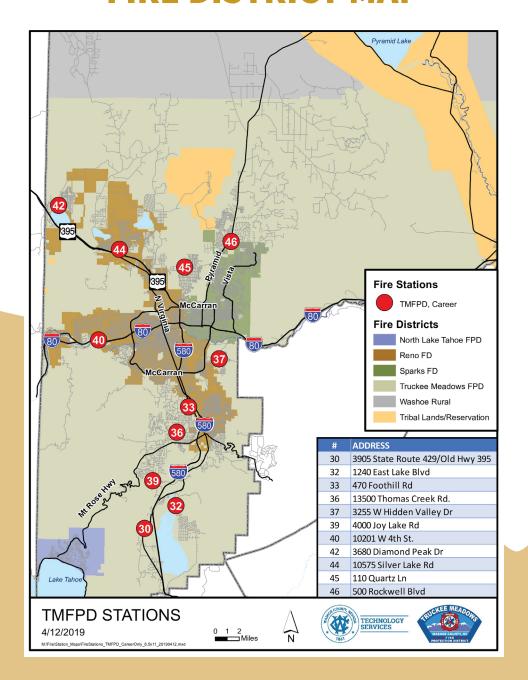
#### **WET LINE**

A line of water, or water and chemical retardant, sprayed along the ground, and which serves as a temporary control line from which to ignite or stop a low-intensity fire.

#### **WIND-DRIVEN WILDLAND FIRE**

A wildland fire that is controlled by a strong consistent wind.

## TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE DISTRICT MAP





**Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District** 1001 E. 9th Street Bldg. D - 231

Reno, Nevada 89512 775.326.6000

Fire Chief Charles A. Moore

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