

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District
June 30, 2013

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

June 30, 2013

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT June 30, 2013

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TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

(a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada)
June 30, 2013

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners of Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) (a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the schedule of funding progress on pages 4A-4H, 34-36, and 37-38, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, including budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, including budgetary comparisons and reconciliations and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying

accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statement and schedules, including budgetary comparisons and reconciliations and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated October 30, 2013 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Reno, Nevada October 30, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's (the District) finances, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,830,101 of which \$11,184,864 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Governmental activities include all funds of the District.
- The District took over the administration and operations of the Sierra Fire Protection District through an Interlocal Agreement for Consolidated Fire Service as of April 1, 2012. The Sierra Fire Protection District paid the District \$5,836,376 for this service in fiscal year 2013.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,931,993, an increase of \$2,186,508 or 15.9% in comparison with the prior year. This increase was caused by the reduction of expenditures due to the re-establishment of the operations of the District and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District. Approximately 51.4% of this total amount is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Total assets of the District at June 30, 2013, were \$37,758,501 with capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, accounting for \$11,918,430 of that total. Of the total liabilities of \$3,928,400, approximately 64.5% represent liabilities related to long-term liabilities of the District.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the

underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave). Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2013 were \$23,260,436 consisting primarily of taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while total expenses were \$19,570,758. This resulted in an increase in net position of \$3,689,678, an indication that the financial condition of the District improved during the year which was primarily caused by a reduction of expenses caused by the re-establishment of the operations of the District and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District.

Both of the government-wide financial statements show the public safety function of the District, which is principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). All governmental activities of the District are included in the public safety function since the District is a single-purpose entity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 5 and 6 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District fall into the governmental funds category, except for the proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Emergency Fund and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement or schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The governmental fund financial statements and the reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-10 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains two types of proprietary funds, which are both internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's functions. The District uses two internal service funds to account for its workers' compensation liability and health benefits liability. Because these services benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service funds are reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and can be found on pages 11-13 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 14-33 of this report.

Other information. The District maintains a stabilization fund for internal purposes. This fund does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which was implemented in 2011 by the District. The activity for this fund is included in the General Fund in the basic financial statements; however, since the District prepares a budget for this fund, a reconciliation of budgetary basis financial statements to GAAP basis financial statements is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These reconciliations can be found on pages 36 and 39 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2013, the District's total net position was \$33,830,101, which is a \$3,689,678 increase from the prior year. The primary reason for the increase was due to a decrease in the expenses of the District due to the re-establishment of the operations of the District and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District.

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2013	2012					
Current and other assets	\$25,840,071	\$21,802,215					
Capital assets	11,918,430	12,056,922					
Total assets	<u>37,758,501</u>	_33,859,137					
Other liabilities	1,393,087	1,092,405					
Long-term liabilities	<u>2,535,313</u>	2,626,309					
Total liabilities	<u>3,928,400</u>	3,718,714					
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	11,918,430	12,056,922					
Restricted	10,726,807	10,706,516					
Unrestricted	<u>11,184,864</u>	7,376,985					
Total net position	<u>\$33,830,101</u>	<u>\$30,140,423</u>					

The assets of the District's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,830,101. Net position includes the District's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2013 was \$11,918,430. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the District's net position (31.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, such as the retiree health benefits, capital projects and emergencies. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$11,184,864, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
20000	2013	2012					
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 6,535,583	\$ 1,850,241					
Capital grants and contributions	94,895	144,000					
Operating grants and contributions	430,620	116,625					
General revenues:							
Property taxes	10,014,802	9,477,923					
Consolidated taxes	4,981,492	4,637,085					
Other taxes	639,462	628,309					
Unrestricted investment							
earnings	(25,792)	544,727					
Reimbursements	267,296	-					
Other	322,078	6,233					
Total revenues	23,260,436	<u>17,405,143</u>					
Expenses:							
Public safety	<u>19,570,758</u>	16,696,092					
Increase in net position	3,689,678	709,051					
Net position, July 1	30,140,423	29,431,372					
Net position, June 30	\$33,830,101	\$30,140,423					

Total Revenues. The District's total revenues increased by \$5,855,293, or 33.6%, however, the increase is primarily due to the increase in charges for services that include the payment by the Sierra Fire Protection District in the amount of \$4,013,100 for a full year's consolidated fire operations between the Truckee Meadows and Sierra Fire Protection Districts which were consolidated as of April 1, 2012 or only 3 months of the prior year. The remaining \$1,842,193 increase was caused by an increase of property tax and consolidated tax revenue, increase in charges for services due to a full years charges for group medical for the employees and charges to Washoe County for fire services North of Township 22 and the collection of wildland fire reimbursements.

Total Expenses. The District's total expenses increased by \$2,874,666 or by 17.2% due primarily to the first full year's consolidation of fire operations with the Sierra Fire Protection District as of April 1, 2012 or only 3 months of the prior year.

Net Position. The District's total net position increased by \$3,689,678 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and \$709,051 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The increase in total net position in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was primarily caused by a reduction of expenditures caused by the re-establishment of the operations of the District and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15,931,993, an increase of \$2,186,508 or 15.9% in comparison with the prior year. This increase was primarily caused by budget savings in the General Fund due to the re-establishment of the operations of the District as of July 1, 2012 and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District. Approximately 51.4% of the total amount of ending fund balances is unassigned fund balances.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,484,565. The total fund balance included \$2,298,184 assigned for encumbrances and appropriated fund balance. The remaining fund balance of \$8,186,381 is unassigned and consists of the General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$7,620,913 and the Stabilization Fund unassigned fund balance of \$565,468.

The total fund balance for the General Fund in the amount of \$10,484,565 is an increase of \$2,256,163 from the prior year. This increase was attributable to the budget savings due to the re-establishment of the operations of the District as of July 1, 2012 and the administrative and operational efficiencies achieved through the consolidation with the Sierra Fire Protection District.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the June 30, 2013, unassigned fund balance not attributable to the Stabilization Fund of \$7,620,913 to fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 45.0% of total General Fund expenditures. This represents approximately 5 months worth of expenditures. The fund balance will give the District's General Fund sufficient cash flow to meet its operational obligations in the future and the ability to pay for large wildland fires as they occur.

The District's Emergency Fund was established according to NRS 474 for the funding for unforeseen emergencies, primarily large wildland fires and other natural disasters. In fiscal year 2013, the District experienced several large wildland fire costs which totaled \$541,516. The District distributed \$290,000 in property tax revenue to the Emergency Fund to help pay for these large wildland fires. The Emergency Fund balance as of June 30, 2013 was \$586,387.

The Capital Projects Fund activity in fiscal year 2013 included, among other things, projects related to the Verdi Fire Station; and the purchase of thermal imaging cameras, two trucks, and a trailer.

Proprietary funds. The District's proprietary funds provide information on the workers' compensation and health benefit programs of the District. The net position of the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 2013, were \$3,504,183. The net position of the Health Benefits Fund was \$1,775,196. In fiscal year 2013, the District fully funded its workers' compensation and health benefits liabilities. In fiscal year 2014, the District budgeted to continue to fully fund the District's workers' compensation and health benefits liabilities.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The District's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2013, amounts to \$11,918,430 (net of accumulated depreciation). This net investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, and vehicles and equipment. Refer to Note 4 for further detail.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, the District had no bonded debt outstanding. Refer to Note 5 for further detail.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

Nevada's local governments rely heavily on sales tax as a primary revenue source. Washoe
County's taxable sales reflect the current recovery of the U.S. and Nevada economy and
compares favorably to Statewide and Clark County for fiscal year 2013 as demonstrated
below.

Percentage Increase (Decrease) in Taxable Sales Over Prior Year

	Fiscal Year							
Entity	2010_	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013				
Statewide	(10.3%)	5.7%	7.6%	5.2%				
Clark County	(10.9%)	3.9%	7.0%	4.8%				
Washoe County	(9.3%)	2.0%	4.5%	5.5%				

• Washoe County's taxable gaming revenues experienced a .87% increase in fiscal year 2013 over the prior year, the first increase in several years, which demonstrates the nation's modest economic recovery while California gaming continues to affect the local gaming industry. In fiscal year 2010, gaming revenues in Washoe County experienced an 8.78% decrease and in fiscal year 2011 gaming revenues decreased by 4.65% and in fiscal year 2012 gaming revenues decreased by 1.74%. In contrast, Clark County experienced a decrease of 4.90% decrease in fiscal year 2010, a 2.62% decrease in fiscal year 2011, a .74% decrease in fiscal year 2012 and a 5.4% increase in fiscal year 2013. The statewide average decrease in the taxable gaming revenues for fiscal year 2010 was 5.64%, however, it increased by 1.74% in fiscal year 2011 then decreased by .73% in fiscal year 2012 and increased 4.49% in fiscal year 2013. The taxable gaming revenue trend in the last few years with a moderate increase in fiscal year 2013 reflects the slow national and statewide economic recovery.

- The June 2013 unemployment rate in Washoe County was 9.8% which compares favorably to the June 2012 unemployment rate of 11.9%. Washoe County's June 2013 unemployment rate of 9.8% is somewhat more favorable than the Clark County unemployment rate of 10.1%. The statewide unemployment rate was 9.9% for fiscal year 2013 which compares favorably to the 13.5% statewide unemployment rate for fiscal year 2012.
- Over the past four years, the TMFPD assessed value has declined from \$3,060,211,189 in fiscal year 2009 to \$1,940,686,022 in fiscal year 2013 or by 36.6%. This is a significant decline and was caused primarily by the high unemployment and high number of foreclosures in Washoe County. Washoe County's foreclosure rate in August, 2013 was .24% compared to August 2012 which was .25% while the Nevada foreclosure rate was .28% and the national foreclosure rate was .10%. The decline of assessed value created a loss of property tax revenues from \$11,547,973 in fiscal year 2009 to \$9,896,010 in fiscal year 2013 for a \$1,651,963 decrease in annual property tax revenues.
- In the fiscal year 2014 budget, the District will continue to fully fund liabilities for employee benefits. In addition, accumulated General Fund balance is budgeted in fiscal year 2014 to transfer to the Capital Projects Fund for necessary District Fire Station construction projects and capital equipment purchases.

These factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2014 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District, 1001 East Ninth Street, Reno, Nevada 89512.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

		ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	21,560,512
Accounts receivable		47,564
Taxes receivable		167,358
Due from other governments		1,836,482
Interest receivable		64,514
Deposits		938,888
Net OPEB asset		1,224,753
Capital assets, not being depreciated		1,013,751
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		10,904,679
Total Assets		37,758,501
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		715,591
Due to other governments		677,496
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		996,282
Due in more than one year		1,539,031
Total Liabilities	CONTRACTOR AND	3,928,400
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		11,918,430
Restricted for:		
Emergencies		586,387
Capital Projects		4,861,041
Claims		5,279,379
Unrestricted		11,184,864
Total Net Position	\$	33,830,101

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		P)	ROGRAM REVEN	NUI		RE C	T (EXPENSE) EVENUE AND HANGES IN ET POSITION
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTION	GR.	PERATING ANTS AND <u>TRIBUTION</u> S		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Governmental activities: Public safety	19,570,758	\$ 6,535,583	\$ 94,895	\$	430,620	\$	(12,509,660)
		GENERAL REVE Ad valorem taxe Consolidated tax SCCRT-AB104 Real property tra Licenses and per Reimbursements Unrestricted invo	s res ansfer tax rmits		_		10,014,802 4,981,492 610,931 28,531 3,925 267,296 (25,792) 318,153
		Total General R	evenues		_		16,199,338
		Change in Ne	t Position				3,689,678
		NET POSITION,	July 1		_		30,140,423
		NET POSITION,	June 30		<u>_\$</u>		33,830,101

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		GENERAL FUND AAP BASIS)	EN	MERGENCY FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	GOV	TOTAL ZERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	9,930,993	\$	748,283	\$ 4,035,894	\$	14,715,170
Accounts receivable		47,564		-	~		47,564
Taxes receivable		167,358		-	-		167,358
Due from other governments:							
Consolidated taxes		883,718		-	-		883,718
AB 104, fair share		162,024		•	-		162,024
Other		636,416		154,324	-		790,740
Interest receivable		31,361		-	13,493		44,854
Deposits				<u>-</u>	 938,888		938,888
Total Assets	\$	11,859,434	\$	902,607	\$ 4,988,275	\$	17,750,316
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	605,035	\$	832	\$ 84,734	\$	690,601
Due to other governments		386,821		173,542	 42,500		602,863
Total Liabilities		991,856		174,374	 127,234		1,293,464
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - grants		-		102,953	-		102,953
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		135,028		-	•		135,028
Unavailable revenue - reimbursement		247,985		38,893	 		286,878
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		383,013		141,846	 -		524,859
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-		•	938,888		938,888
Restricted		-		586,387	3,922,153		4,508,540
Assigned:							
Encumbrances		39,269		-	-		39,269
Subsequent year budget shortfall		2,258,915		•	-		2,258,915
Unassigned		8,186,381		-	 -		8,186,381
Total Fund Balances		10,484,565		586,387	 4,861,041		15,931,993
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	,						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	11,859,434	\$	902,607	\$ 4,988,275	\$	17,750,316

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

Total Fund Balances for Governmental Funds as shown on the Balance Sheet		\$	15,931,993
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position is different because: Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Governmental capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 20,398,544 (8,480,114)	-	11,918,430
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds			524,859
The net OPEB asset is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds			1,224,753
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: Compensated absences			(1,049,313)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net position of the Internal Service Funds is reported with Governmental Activities			5,279,379
Total Net Position for Governmental Activities as shown on the Statement of Net Position		\$	33,830,101

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		GENERAL FUND AAP BASIS)	EM	IERGENCY FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES					, ,	***************************************	
Taxes	\$	9,743,895	\$	290,000	\$ -	\$	10,033,895
Licenses and permits		3,925		-	••		3,925
Intergovernmental		11,571,030		411,815	-		11,982,845
Charges for services		387,481		-	-		387,481
Miscellaneous		20,786		125,450	 9,035		155,271
Total Revenues		21,727,117		827,265	9,035		22,563,417
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety		16,873,460		541,516	506,248		17,921,224
Capital outlay		94,895		-	 508,191		603,086
Total Expenditures		16,968,355	<u> </u>	541,516	 1,014,439		18,524,310
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
over (under) Expenditures		4,758,762		285,749	 (1,005,404)		4,039,107
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from asset disposition		15,660		.	_		15,660
Transfers in		´-		_	650,000		650,000
Transfers out		(2,518,259)		-	 _		(2,518,259)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	***************************************	(2,502,599)			 650,000	<u></u>	(1,852,599)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,256,163		285,749	(355,404)		2,186,508
FUND BALANCES, July 1		8,228,402		300,638	 5,216,445		13,745,485
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$	10,484,565	\$	586,387	\$ 4,861,041		15,931,993

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Net Change in Fund Balances for Governmental Funds as shown on the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 2,186,508
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are		
different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated		
over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in		
the current period.		(138,492)
Some revenues reported in the governmental funds were reported		
on the statement of activities in the prior year		370,738
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require		
the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not		
reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences	(417,004)	
Change in postemployment benefits	(70,278)	
		(487,282)
The internal service funds are used by management to account		
for the costs of retiree health medical expenses and workers'		
compensation. The net revenue of the internal service funds		1,758,206
is reported with governmental activities.		
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities as shown on the		
Statement of Activities		\$ 3,689,678

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	A	ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES NAL SERVICE FUNDS
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	6,845,342
Interest receivable		19,660
Total Assets		6,865,002
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		24,990
Due to other governments		74,633
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities:		
Claims and judgments		602,617
Total Current Liabilities		702,240
Noncurrent liabilities		
Claims and judgments	MACHINE AND THE STREET	883,383
Total Liabilities	San Parket Control of	1,585,623
NET POSITION		
Restricted	<u>\$</u>	5,279,379

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
OPERATING REVENUE	<i>*</i>	
Charges for services	\$	1,468,435
Miscellaneous		34,318
Total Operating Revenues		1,502,753
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Services and supplies:		1 (1 1 20 1
Claims		1,611,701
Operating Income (Loss)		(108,948)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Investment earnings		114,019
Net decrease in the fair		•
value of investments		(115,124)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		(1,105)
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(110,053)
		1 0 6 0 6 6 0
TRANSFERS IN	-	1,868,259
Change in Net Position		1,758,206
NET POSITION, July 1		3,521,173
NET POSITION, June 30	\$	5,279,379

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash payments from other funds Cash payments from customers Cash payments from others Cash payments for services and supplies	\$	1,156,708 311,726 34,318 (2,161,090)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(658,338)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfers from General Fund		1,868,259
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Investment earnings		(3,794)
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,206,127
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, July 1		5,639,215
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, June 30	\$	6,845,342
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$	(108,948)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease in pending claims Decrease in accounts payable and due to other governments		(508,000) (41,390)
Total Adjustments		(549,390)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(658,338)

NOTE 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Reporting Entity:

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (District) is a municipality of the State of Nevada located in Washoe County, Nevada. The District is governed by the Board of Fire Commissioners. The Washoe County Board of County Commissioners functions as the Board of Fire Commissioners of the District.

Prior to July 1, 2012, the District was considered a blended component unit of Washoe County. Although the District is a legally separate organization, the County was financially accountable, as defined in governmental accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America, for Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District. Financial accountability was determined primarily by the Board of County Commissioners' participation as the governing body of the District. As of July 1, 2012, the County has no financial benefit or burden relationship with the District and, as such, the District has been reclassified from a blended component unit to a discretely presented component unit in the current year.

As of April 1, 2012, an Interlocal Agreement for Fire Services and Consolidation (Agreement) became effective between the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District and the Sierra Fire Protection District. Under the Agreement, the two Fire Districts consolidated fire department administration and operations, although the two Fire Districts remain legally separate governmental entities. The major points of the Agreement in effect as of April 1, 2012 are listed below:

- The Sierra Fire Protection District will continue to levy taxes and make equal monthly installments to the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District to fund its portion of the Consolidated Budget.
- All Sierra Fire Protection District employees became employees of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District. All sick leave and vacation hours accrued by the District at the time of transfer to the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District transferred with Sierra Fire employees. Health insurance and workers' compensation benefits are paid by the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District through the Consolidated Budget.
- Each Fire District retained their separate interests in and ownership of real property, equipment and rolling stock while the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District provides for the repair and maintenance of such assets. The cost of insuring and replacing these assets is the responsibility of each District.

- The Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District provides comprehensive general liability insurance for all claims arising out of acts or omissions of personnel; the Sierra Fire Protection District continues coverage for the actions of the District's Board of Fire Commissioners.
- Dispatch services are provided to both Fire Districts by the Washoe County Sheriff's Department.
- Other costs paid by each District separately include debt service, independent contractors hired by each District, actuarial studies, annual audits, retiree health costs, wildland fire emergency expenditures and any other costs needed to sustain a local government.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the public safety function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the funds of the District. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds' financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are

recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report deferred inflows of resources in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, post employment benefits, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District initially utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities prior to unrestricted resources, which are utilized as they are needed.

Property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, and interest earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income or loss, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services (employee benefits). All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities, then unrestricted resources if they are needed.

The District's Internal Service Funds are the only proprietary funds. The financial statements of the Internal Service Funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The costs of these services are reported in the public safety function.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Wildland Fire Emergency Reserve Fund (The Emergency Fund), a special revenue fund under Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS), was created to account for the cost of unforeseen large wildland fire emergencies pursuant to NRS 474.510.

The Capital Projects Fund, a capital projects fund, accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

The Internal Service Funds, proprietary funds, account for the workers' compensation activity and the health benefits activity.

The District implemented GASB Statement 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and GASB Statement 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, in the current year which changed the classification of the balance sheet to include new categories for deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, and redefined net assets as net position.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which include the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data, which is reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. On or before April 15, the Board of Fire Commissioners files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation for all funds.
- 2. Public hearings on the tentative budget are held on the third Monday in May in conjunction with Washoe County's budget hearing.
- 3. Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must then be forwarded to the Department of Taxation for compliance with State laws and regulations. In any year in which legislative action, which was not anticipated, affects the local government's final budget, the Board may file an amended final budget within 30 days of adjournment of the legislative session.

- 4. Formal budgetary integration in the financial records of all funds is employed to enhance management control during the year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- 5. Budgets for all externally reported funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, budgets are required for the internally reported special revenue fund.
- 6. Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute 354.598005 the person designated to administer the budget may transfer appropriations within any function. Budget amounts may be transferred between functions within a fund if the governing body is advised of the action at the next regular meeting and the action is recorded in the official minutes of the meeting. Transfer of appropriations between funds or from the contingency account or budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may not be made without prior approval of the Board of Fire Commissioners, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing, as necessary. The budget was augmented as set forth above during the year.
- 7. In accordance with state statute, actual expenditures generally may not exceed budgetary appropriations of the public safety function of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund. Also, actual operating and non-operating expenses of the Internal Service Funds generally may not exceed budgeted amounts.

Cash Deposited and Invested with Washoe County Treasurer:

All cash transactions of the District are handled by the Washoe County Treasurer's office. Cash balances are pooled and, to the extent practicable, invested as permitted by law in combination with Washoe County funds.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, generally with original maturities of three months or less. Since all cash and investments of the District are pooled with Washoe County funds and are available upon demand, all cash and investments of the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

Taxes Receivable:

Real and personal property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the delinquent roll years. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection loss in respect to the remaining balances.

Personal property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes management believes to be collectible. Delinquent taxes from all other prior years have been written off.

Amounts not collected within 60 days after year-end have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources at the governmental fund level.

Receivables:

Management does not anticipate any material collection losses in respect to the receivable balances.

Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Land improvements	40
Buildings	40
Building improvements	20
Vehicles and equipment	5-20

Long-Term Liabilities:

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences:

The costs involved in vacation time and sick leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements; costs are recorded as payroll costs only when the accumulated benefits are paid or accrued as a result of a termination of service.

The District provides for payment of accrued vacation. Upon death, retirement, permanent disability, or termination of an employee after ten years of full-time employment or its equivalent if the employee has not served as a full-time employee for reasons other than discharge for just cause, an employee shall be compensated for total accrued sick leave at the rate of one hour for every three hours earned up to a maximum hour limitation.

Fund Equity:

In the government-wide financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable.

Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, contributors, or laws or regulations; (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources in the fund. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. The restricted fund balance occurs when constraints are places on the use of resources externally (such as through debt covenants or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law

through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation). For the District, the restricted fund balance consists of restricted assets for capital projects and emergency resources. The assigned fund balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes and consists of the District's encumbrances as approved by the Board of Fire Commissioners and the amount of fund balance appropriated to eliminate the projected deficit in the 2013-14 budget as approved by the Board of Fire Commissioners. The remaining fund balance is shown as unassigned. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, committed funds, if any, are to be spent first, assigned funds second, and unassigned funds last.

Property Taxes:

All real property in the District is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. A factoring system is used to adjust the appraised value during the years between physical appraisals. The valuation of the property and its improvements is being assessed at 35 percent of "taxable value" as defined by statute. The amount of tax levied is determined by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located. The maximum tax rate was established in the State Constitution at \$5 per \$100 of assessed valuation; however, as a result of the legislative action the tax rate was further limited to \$3.64 per \$100 of assessed valuation except in cases of severe financial emergency as defined in Nevada Revised Statues (NRS) 354.705 or as a result of the State of Nevada rate.

Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1 of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes may be paid in four installments payable on the third Monday in August, and the first Mondays in October, January, and March, to the Treasurer of Washoe County. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a two-year waiting period, if taxes remain unpaid, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the County with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges. Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation and tax rates described above.

The major classifications of personal property are commercial and mobile homes. In Washoe County, taxes on motor vehicles are collected by a State agency and remitted to the local governments in the County as part of the Consolidated Tax distribution.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements:

A. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities:

The governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between *net change in fund balances* - total governmental funds and change in net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide Statement of Activities. One element of that reconciliation explains "Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures while the Statement of Activities allocates the cost of those assets over their estimated useful lives and reports depreciation expense." The details of the (\$138,492) difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 603,086
Plus: Additional amounts capitalized	93,220
Less: Depreciation expense	(834,798)

Net adjustment to decrease *net change in fund*balances - governmental funds to arrive at

change in net position - governmental activities

\$(138,492)

NOTE 2 - Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code:

The District conformed to all significant statutory and administrative code constraints on its financial administration during the year.

NOTE 3 - Cash and Investments:

All cash and investments of the District are included in the investment pool of the County Treasurer. The Board of County Commissioners has overall responsibility for investment of County funds in accordance with Nevada Revised Statute 355.175. The Washoe County Chief Investment Official is the Washoe County Treasurer, under authority delegated by the Board of County Commissioners. The Treasurer may delegate investment responsibilities to the Treasurer's office employees. The Investment Committee created by Washoe County Code Section 15.220 has been delegated the investment decision making authority in Washoe County and serves also in an advisory capacity to the Treasurer and Board of County Commissioners. The external investment pool is not registered with the

SEC as an investment company. Public Financial Management, LLC determines the fair value of Washoe County investments monthly. Washoe County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the period to support the value of the shares.

The District's investment in the Washoe County external investment pool is equal to its original investment plus monthly allocations of interest income and realized and unrealized gains and losses, as applicable. The determination of realized gains and losses is independent of the determination of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that were held by the County during a previous accounting period(s) but sold during the current period were used to compute the change in the fair value of investments for the previous year(s), as well as the current year. The District's investment in the external investment pool at June 30, 2013 was \$21,560,512.

Investments:

As noted above, the District's investments are held by Washoe County in the external investment pool. As such, the District's investments are governed by the investment policy of Washoe County. The County has a formal investment policy that, in the opinion of management, is designed to insure conformity with State Statutes and seeks to limit exposure to investment risk. Pursuant to NRS 355.170, Washoe County may invest in the following types of securities:

- Obligations of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States, or a corporation sponsored by the government, maturing within ten (10) years from the date of purchase.
- Time certificates of deposit from commercial banks and insured savings and loan associations within the State of Nevada, and certain farm loan bonds.
- Certain securities issued by local governments of the State of Nevada and other securities expressly provided by other statutes, including repurchase agreements.
- Money market mutual funds that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, are AAA rated and invest only in securities of the Federal Government or fully collateralized repurchase agreements.
- Commercial paper issued by a corporation organized and operating in the United States or by a depository institution licensed by the United States or any state operating in the United States that is rated by a nationally recognized rating services as "A-1," "P-1" or its equivalent, or better, provided the aggregate value does not exceed 20 percent of the total portfolio.
- Notes, bonds and other unconditional obligations for the payment of money issued by corporations organized and operating in the United States that have a remaining term to maturity of no more than 5 years and are rated by a nationally recognized rating service as "A" or its equivalent, or better.

NRS 355.172 requires the Treasurer or her agent to take physical possession of securities purchased as an investment by the County in the name of Washoe County. If the

securities purchased are subject to repurchase by the seller, the County may, in lieu of the requirement of possession, obtain a fully perfected, first-priority security interest having a fair market value equal to or greater than the repurchase price of the securities.

Investments are recorded at fair value. Interest earned on investments is allocated to certain funds based on average daily cash balances.

Pooled investments are carried at fair value determined by quoted market prices, net of accrued interest. All pooled investments are physically collateralized and held by Wells Fargo Bank.

As of June 30, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (in Years)				
	Fair Value	Less than 1	1 to 4	4 to 6	6 to 10
INVESTMENTS:					
Money Market Mutual Fund	\$ 1,384	\$ 1,384	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Certificate of Deposit	2,761,418	553,954	2,207,464	-	-
U.S. Treasury Securities	2,745,127	-	854,258	538,994	1,351,875
U.S. Agency Securities	11,900,137	17,961	7,996,423	2,355,824	1,529,929
Collateralized Mortgage					
Obligations	63,067	-	-	63,067	-
Corporate Note	4,089,379	26	<u>2,791,326</u>	1,298,027	-
Total Investments	<u>\$21,560,512</u>	<u>\$573,325</u>	<u>\$13,849,471</u>	<u>\$4,255,912</u>	<u>\$2,881,804</u>

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. This risk can be reduced by diversifying the durations of the fixed-income investments that are held at a given time. The County's investment policy requires twelve to eighteen months of projected cash flow to be in investments maturing in one year or less. Investments maturing in less than one year at June 30, 2013, were 2.66% of the District's investments. The County's strategic investment plan seeks to obtain the desired average maturity of 2 to 4 years. The average maturity of the external pool at June 30, 2013, was approximately 3.66 years.

The external investment pool invests in the following types of securities that are considered to be highly sensitive to interest rate changes:

INVESTMENT	FAIR MARKET VALUE	% OF TOTAL POOL INVESTMENTS
U.S. Agency Mortgage Backed Securities and Collateralized Mortgage Obligations - When interest rates fall, mortgages are refinanced and paid off early and the reduced stream of future interest payments diminish fair value.	\$865,644	4.0%
<u>Callable U.S. Agency and Corporate Note Securities</u> - On specified dates, the issuer can call the security. Because they are subject to early repayment, the fair value of these securities is more sensitive in a period of declining interest	262 206	1.70/
rates. Total	363,206 \$1.228.850	1.7%

Credit Risk: Washoe County's Investment Pool is an unrated external investment pool. Nevada Revised Statute's allow investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal bonds issued by local governments of the State of Nevada, corporate bonds rated "A" or better by a nationally recognized rating service, commercial paper rated "A-1," "P-1" or better by a nationally recognized rating service, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposits, money market mutual funds rated "AAA" by a nationally recognized rating service or other securities in which banking institutions may legally invest. County policy does not further restrict these investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Washoe County's investment policy places no limit on amounts invested in direct obligations of the U.S. Treasury and securities backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Government, while placing the following limits per issuer on all other securities: Federal Agency Securities, 35%; Federal Agency Mortgage Backed Securities, 15%; Money Market Funds, 45%; corporate bonds and notes, 4%; and obligations issued by local governments of the State of Nevada, 25%.

At June 30, 2013, the following investments exceeded 5% of the District's total investments:

Fannie Mae	29.4%
Freddie Mac	21.3%
U.S. Treasury Securities	12.7%

NOTE 4 - Capital Assets:

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2012	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2013
Governmental Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated:	•			
Land	\$ 721,545	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 721,545
Construction in progress	153,375	<u>320,441</u>	<u>(181,610</u>)	<u>292,206</u>
Total capital assets not being depreciated	874,920_	320,441	<u>(181,610</u>)	1,013,751
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements Buildings and building	263,322		-	263,322
improvements	8,921,935	132,154	.	9,054,089
Vehicles and equipment	<u>10,019,510</u>	<u>459,955</u>	<u>(412,083</u>)	10,067,382
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,204,767	<u>592,109</u>	_(412,083)	19,384,793
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	(161,091)	(7,562)	-	(168,653)
Buildings and building improvements Vehicles and equipment	(3,047,057) _(4,814,617)	(286,652) (540,584)	377,449	(3,333,709) (4,977,752)
venicles and equipment	<u>(4,014,017)</u>	(340,364)	_377,449	_(4,911,132)
Total accumulated depreciation	(8,022,765)	(834,798)	377,449	(8,480,114)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	11,182,002	(242,689)	(34,634)	10,904,679
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$12,056,922	\$ 77,752	<u>\$(216,244)</u>	<u>\$ 11,918,430</u>

The increase in accumulated depreciation includes depreciation expense of \$834,798 charged to the public safety function.

NOTE 5 - Long-Term Liabilities:

The District does not have any general obligation bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2013. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Amount Outstanding July 1, 2012	Additions	Reductions	Amount Outstanding June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences Claims and judgments	\$ 632,309 1,994,000	\$807,478	\$390,474 _508,000	\$1,049,313 	\$393,665 602,617
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$2,626,309</u>	<u>\$807,478</u>	<u>\$898,474</u>	<u>\$2,535,313</u>	<u>\$996,282</u>

Compensated absences are generally liquidated from the General Fund and claims and judgments are liquidated from the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund.

NOTE 6 - Interfund Activity:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2013 consisted of the following:

Interfund Transfers: Transfers from:	Transfers to:	Amount:
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 650,000
General Fund	Health Benefits Fund	1,868,259

Transfers are used to move unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to other funds to finance various programs of those funds.

NOTE 7 - Postemployment Health Care Benefits:

Plan Description and Eligibility:

Prior to July 1, 2000, the District provided health insurance benefits to retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. At June 30, 2000, ten retirees were participating in the District's health benefits program. On July 1, 2000, pursuant to an Interlocal Agreement for Fire Services and Consolidation, District fire operations were transferred to the City of Reno and the City accepted liability for the ten retirees under this plan. In accordance with the Interlocal Agreement, the District pays a proportionate share of employees' retiree health benefit costs based on service earned prior to July 1, 2000, for those employees who transferred employment to the City of Reno and retired prior to June 30, 2012 or during the term of the Interlocal Agreement. Health benefits under the City's plan included medical, prescription, vision, dental and life insurance. As of July 1, 2010, the

Plan is administered through an irrevocable trust, Washoe County, Nevada OPEB Trust (Trust), established on May 11, 2010, by the Board of Washoe County Commissioners. The Trust, a multiple-employer trust, was created to fund and account for the participating employers' costs of retiree healthcare benefits pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes 287.017. The District is a participating employer in the Trust. Complete financial statements of the Trust may be obtained by writing to: OPEB Trust, c/o Washoe County Comptroller's Office, P.O. Box 11130, Reno, Nevada, 89520.

The Interlocal Agreement was terminated on June 30, 2012, and the District assumed responsibility for its own fire district operations as of July 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2012, in preparation of standing up the new fire operations, 11 former Reno firefighters transferred to the District with the provision the District would provide retiree health benefits for those 11 employees. Any former District employees remaining employed by the City of Reno as of July 1, 2012 retained retiree health benefits with the City and the City retained the liability for those employees. Benefits under the new District plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan, include health, dental, vision and prescription coverage. Eligible retirees who retire from the District will be required to pay for 50% of the retirees' health insurance premium and 100% of the cost of coverage for their families. Eligibility requirements, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions may be amended by the mutual agreement of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District and the District's Fire Firefighters' Association.

Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost:

The amount of annual contributions each year are established through the annual budget process by the District's Board of Fire Commissioners and may be amended through negotiations with the employee association. The required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount, generally equal to the normal cost, to prefund benefits.

The annual OPEB Cost, the percentage of OPEB cost contributed to the Trust, and the net OPEB obligation (asset) at June 30, 2013 and the two preceding years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Contributions	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation (Asset)
2011	\$558,363	\$3,663,438	656.10%	\$(1,342,589)
2012	47,558	-	0.00%	(1,295,031)
2013	70,278	-	0.00%	(1,224,753)

The net OPEB obligation (asset) as of June 30, 2013, was calculated as follows:

Determination of Annual Required Contribution: Normal cost	\$ 42,100
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	1,729
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	<u>\$ 43,829</u>
Determination of Net OPEB Obligation: Annual Required Contribution Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) Adjustment to ARC	\$ 43,829 (90,652) 117,101
Annual OPEB Cost	70,278
Retiree Benefit Plan Costs Paid by District District Contributions Made to Trust	<u>-</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	70,278
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - Beginning of Year	(1,295,031)
Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) - End of Year	<u>\$(1,224,753)</u>
funded status as of the most recent actuarial valuation was as f	follows:

The f

Valuation date	7/1/2011
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	\$3,361,331 3,533,063
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (Asset) (UAAL)	<u>\$ (171,732</u>)
Funded Ratio (Actual Value of Plan Assets/AAL) Covered Payroll (Active Plan Members)* UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	105.11% \$793,352 (21.65)%

^{*}The covered payroll for active plan members for the District's retiree group medical plan reported above represents salaries and wages for the 10 former Reno firefighters who transferred from the City of Reno to the District in June 2012 and who were still employed by the District at June 30, 2013. The UAAL shown includes the District's proportionate share of the liability, based on service earned prior to July 1, 2000 for the 45 employees

who transferred employment to the City of Reno and retired during the term of the Interlocal Agreement.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far in the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information. The schedule will show whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

An actuarial valuation of retiree health and life benefits was completed as of July 1, 2011, using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Significant actuarial assumptions used were a 7.00% effective annual discount rate and an initial 7.25% health cost trend reduced by .75% for 2012, .50% for 2013, and incrementally thereafter until it reaches 4.75% for 2078 and beyond. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) is the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to employee service rendered prior to the valuation date. The AAL equals the present value of benefits multiplied by a fraction equal to service date over service at expected retirement. The Normal Cost is the actuarial present value of benefits attributed to one year of service. This equals the present value of benefits divided by service at expected retirement. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level dollar amount over a ten year closed amortization period.

NOTE 8 - Pension Program:

State of Nevada's Public Employees Retirement System:

Plan Description: The Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) contributes to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS), a

cost sharing, multiple employer, defined benefit plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada. In fiscal year 2011-12, the District was reorganized to consolidate administration and operations with the Sierra Fire Protection District and to stand up its own operations apart from the City of Reno. The District began contributing to PERS beginning in fiscal year 2011-12. PERS provides retirement benefits, disability benefits, and death benefits, including annual cost of living adjustments, to plan members and their beneficiaries. Chapter 286 of the Nevada Revised Statutes establishes the benefit provisions provided to the participants of PERS. These benefit provisions may only be amended through legislation. The Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Public Employees Retirement System of the State of Nevada, 693 West Nye Lane, Carson City, NV 89703-1599 or by calling (775) 687-4200.

Funding Policy: Plan members are funded under one of two methods. Under the employer pay contribution plan method the District is required to contribute all amounts due under the plan. The second method for providing benefits is the employer/employee paid contribution plan where employees are required to contribute a percentage of their compensation to the Plan while the District is required to match that contribution. The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by Chapter 286 of Nevada Statutes.

The District's contribution rates based on employee members covered payroll and amounts contributed (equal to the required contributions) for fiscal year 2012-13 is as follows:

	Emplo Contribu	yer Paid ition Rate	Employee/Er Contribu	nployer Paid tion Rate			
Fiscal Year	Regular	Police/	Regular	Police/	Total		
	Members	Fire	Members	Fire	<u>Contribution</u>		
2011-12	23.75%	39.75%	12.25%	20.25%	\$344,486		
2012-13	23.75%	39.75%	12.25%	20.25%	\$2,711,873		

NOTE 9 - Risk Management:

The District is exposed, as are all entities, to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District has joined together with similar public agencies throughout the State of Nevada to create a pool, Nevada Public Agency Insurance Pool (NPAIP), under the Nevada Interlocal Cooperation Act. Property and liability is fully insured with NPAIP. The District pays an annual premium and specific deductibles, as necessary, to the Pool for its general insurance coverage. The Pool is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that

provides coverage for its members up to \$10 million per event and a \$13 million general aggregate per member. Property, crime and equipment breakdown coverage is provided to its members up to \$300,000,000 per loss with various sub-limits established for earthquake, flood, equipment breakdown, and money and securities.

In fiscal year 2012-13, the District self-funded its health benefits until June 1, 2013. The Health Benefits fund was established to account for life insurance, medical, prescription, dental and vision programs. The self-funded plans contained within the Health Benefits fund are handled through contracts with an external claims administrator and through the purchase of various insurance plans. As of June 1, 2013, the District purchased a guaranteed health benefit plan and is no longer self-funded.

During the term of the Reno/Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Interlocal Agreement, workers' compensation was fully insured with the City of Reno's self-funded workers' compensation plan. Due to the termination of the Agreement, as of July 1, 2012, the District is no longer self-funded with the City of Reno but has purchased a guaranteed workers compensation insurance plan. However, the District is still required to pay workers' compensation claims costs to the City of Reno for those years the District was self-funded through the City of Reno's workers' compensation plan.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the District and the City of Reno instituted a "pay as you go" system for workers' compensation claims. The District shared the combined losses with the Reno Fire Department (RFD). Each year, the District was assigned the portion of paid losses corresponding to the ratio of employees originally transferred from the District to the total number of current RFD employees. The ratio applied to the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, which was the last fiscal year of the Agreement, was 25%. The District established the Workers' Compensation Fund to account for this program. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the District paid the City of Reno the amount of \$156,275 for the purpose of buying out its workers' compensation liability for fiscal year 2008.

The liability for workers' compensation was determined through an actuarial valuation performed for the District as of December 31, 2011. Using a 70% probability level set by the actuary, claims of \$2,424,922 were determined to be long-term in nature. The non-discounted carrying amount of unpaid claims was \$2,903,000. The interest rate used for discount was 3%. Allocated loss adjustment expense is included in the actuarial calculation. Under the plan, the District and the City of Reno self-insure up to a maximum of \$2.5 million for each workers' compensation claim. Claims incurred prior to fiscal year 2004 remain the liability of the City of Reno under the guaranteed payment plan in effect prior to July 1, 2003.

Claims' liability and activity for the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

Claims liability, June 30, 2011	\$2,424,922
Claims and changes in estimates	118,938
Claims paid	<u>(549,860</u>)
Claims liability, June 30, 2012	1,994,000
Claims and changes in estimates	16,731
Claims paid	<u>(524,731</u>)
Claims liability, June 30, 2013	<u>\$1,486,000</u>

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGETED AMOUNTS			2013			
		RIGINAL		FINAL	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES	<u> </u>	MOINAL		THAL	 ACTUAL	FIN	AL BUDGET
Taxes:							
Ad valorem, general	\$	9,689,293	\$	9,689,293	\$ 9,606,010	\$	(83,283)
Ad valorem, AB 104		149,102		149,102	137,885		(11,217)
Licenses and permits:							
Gaming, AB 104		6,564		6,564	3,850		(2,714)
Other		-		•	75		75
Intergovernmental:				117,456	112 700		(2.75()
Federal grants Consolidated taxes		4,831,009		4,831,009	113,700 4,981,492		(3,756)
Real property transfer tax, AB 104		23,834		23,834	28,531		150,483 4,697
Supplemental city/county relief tax, AB 104		641,370		641,370	610,931		(30,439)
Interlocal cooperative agreement, fire suppression		5,836,376		5,836,376	5,836,376		(50,457)
Charges for services:		-,,		-,,-	v,500,070		
Services to other agencies		-		•	386,821		386,821
Other		321,000		321,000	660		(320,340)
Miscellaneous:							, , ,
Investment earnings		175,000		175,000	144,033		(30,967)
Net decrease in the fair value							
of investments		-		-	(177,853)		(177,853)
Other		55,000		55,000	 54,508		(492)
Total Revenues		21,728,548		21,846,004	21,727,019		(118,985)
EXPENDITURES Current: Public safety function: Fire:							
Salaries and wages		10,186,855		10,211,855	8,832,877		1,378,978
Employee benefits		5,872,135		5,872,135	4,547,090		1,325,045
Services and supplies		4,361,411		4,358,467	3,493,029		865,438
Capital outlay				95,400	 94,895		505
Total Expenditures		20,420,401		20,537,857	 16,967,891		3,569,966
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		1,308,147		1,308,147	 4,759,128		3,450,981
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from asset disposition				-	15,660		15,660
Transfers out		(2,317,682)		(2,417,682)	(2,518,259)		(100,577)
Contingency		(325,000)		(225,000)	 <u> </u>		225,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,642,682)		(2,642,682)	 (2,502,599)		140,083
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,334,535)		(1,334,535)	2,256,529		3,591,064
FUND BALANCES, July 1		7,662,568		7,662,568	7,662,568		
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT					 -	-	H
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$	6,328,033	\$	6,328,033	\$ 9,919,097	\$	3,591,064

See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGETED AMOUNTS				2013			
REVENUES	_0	RIGINAL		FINAL	 ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
Taxes: Ad valorem, general Intergovernmental:	\$	250,000	\$	250,000	\$ 290,000	\$	40,000	
Federal grants		178,115		178,115	411,815		233,700	
Miscellaneous:		-, -,		,	,			
Other				-	 125,450		125,450	
Total Revenues		428,115		428,115	827,265		399,150	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety function: Fire:								
Expenditures		1,000,000		1,000,000	 541,516		458,484	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(571,885)		(571,885)	285,749		857,634	
FUND BALANCES, July 1	<u> </u>	667,376		667,376	 300,638		(366,738)	
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$	95,491	\$	95,491	\$ 586,387	\$	490,896	

See accompanying notes to Required Supplementary Information.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RECONCILIATION OF THE GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) TO THE GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (GAAP BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)	INTERNALLY REPORTED STABILIZATION FUND	GENERAL FUND (GAAP BASIS)	
REVENUES	(BUDGETAKT DASIS)	31ABILIZATION FUND	(OAAI DASIS)	
Taxes	\$ 9,743,895	\$ -	\$ 9,743,895	
Licenses and permits	3,925	<u>-</u>	3,925	
Intergovernmental	11,571,030	-	11,571,030	
Charges for services	387,481	-	387,481	
Miscellaneous	20,688	98	20,786	
Total Revenues	21,727,019	98	21,727,117	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:	16,872,996	464	16,873,460	
Public safety Capital Outlay	94,895	-	94,895	
Capital Outlay			3,,050	
Total Expenditures	16,967,891	464	16,968,355	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
over (under) Expenditures	4,759,128	(366)	4,758,762	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from asset disposition	15,660	·	15,660	
Transfers out	(2,518,259)		(2,518,259)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,502,599)		(2,502,599)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,256,529	(366)	2,256,163	
FUND BALANCES, July 1	7,662,568	565,834	8,228,402	
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$ 9,919,097	\$ 565,468	\$ 10,484,565	

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2013

Schedule of Funding Progress – Other Postemployment Benefits

Actuarial Valuation <u>Date</u>	Actuarial Value of Assets	AAL <u>Unit Credit</u>	UAAL	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll
7/01/2006	\$ -	\$4,374,648	\$4,374,648	0.0%	N/A	N/A
7/01/2009	\$ -	\$4,472,236	\$4,472,236	0.0%	N/A	N/A
7/01/2011	\$3,533,063	\$3,361,331	\$ (171,732)	105.1%	\$793,352	(21.65)%

Trend Analysis

The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) decreased by approximately \$1.1 million since the last valuation. Liabilities would have increased by about \$0.8 million since the last valuation due to benefit accruals since the last valuation and a greater number of new retirees (who retired earlier than expected). However, the increase in discount rate from 4.50% to 7.00% (to reflect the investment policy of plan assets) resulted in a decrease in AAL of about \$1.4 million. As a result of the revised actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2011, (reflecting plan changes) the AAL decreased by an additional \$0.6 million. This was due primarily to a significant reduction in the number of active employees (from 44 to11) who would be eligible for retiree health coverage under the District's health plan upon satisfying age and service requirements.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2013

NOTE 1 - Reconciliation of the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) to the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (GAAP Basis):

The accompanying Reconciliation of the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) to the General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (GAAP Basis) presents balances combined for external reporting purposes.

Budget to actual comparisons are presented for all funds of the District, as required by Nevada Revised Statutes. Such budget comparisons are required to be presented using the budget adopted and approved by the State of Nevada Department of Taxation. However, guidance provided in governmental accounting standards specifies that one of these internally reported funds of the District does not meet the definition of a special revenue fund and does not qualify to be separately presented for external reporting purposes.

This internally reported special revenue fund of the District (Stabilization Fund) is combined with the General Fund for external reporting purposes.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET (BUDGETARY BASIS) TO THE GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEET (GAAP BASIS) JUNE 30, 2013

	GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)		RE	ERNALLY PORTED ZATION FUND		ENERAL FUND AP BASIS)	
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	9,367,146	\$	563,847	\$	9,930,993	
Accounts receivable		47,564		-		47,564	
Taxes receivable		167,358		-		167,358	
Due from other governments							
Consolidated taxes		883,718		•		883,718	
AB 104, fair share		162,024		-		162,024	
Other		636,416		-		636,416	
Interest receivable		29,740		1,621		31,361	
Total Assets	\$	11,293,966	\$	565,468	\$	11,859,434	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	605,035	\$	-	\$	605,035	
Due to other governments		386,821		-		386,821	
Due to one government							
Total Liabilities		991,856				991,856	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		135,028		-		135,028	
Unavailable revenue - reimbursement		247,985		-		247,985	
				,			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		383,013				383,013	
FUND BALANCES							
Assigned		2,298,184		-		2,298,184	
Unassigned		7,620,913		565,468		8,186,381	
Ondoorghod				······································	****		
Total Fund Balances	****	9,919,097		565,468		10,484,565	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	11,293,966	\$	565,468	\$	11,859,434	

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL STABILIZATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013	BUDGET	ED AM	IOUNTS		2013				
	ORIG	GINAL_]	FINAL	A	CTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES										
Miscellaneous:										
Investment earnings	\$	15,000	\$	15,000	\$	9,571	\$	(5,429)		
Net decrease in the fair value of investments						(9,473)		(9,473)		
Total Revenues		15,000		15,000		98	·	(14,902)		
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Public safety function:										
Fire:										
Expenditures		500,000		500,000		464		499,536		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over (under) Expenditures		(485,000)		(485,000)		(366)		484,634		
FUND BALANCES, July 1		564,303		564,303		565,834		1,531		
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$	79,303	\$	79,303	\$	565,468	\$	486,165		

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGET	ED AMOUNTS	2013				
	ORIGINAL FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET			
REVENUES		•		**			
Miscellaneous:							
Investment earnings	\$ 125,000	\$ 125,000	\$ 85,739	\$ (39,261)			
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		•	(76,704)	(76,704)			
Total Revenues	125,000	125,000	9,035	(115,965)			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Public safety function:							
Fire:							
Services and supplies	885,777	885,777	506,248	379,529			
Capital outlay	4,033,042	4,033,042	508,191	3,524,851			
Total Expenditures	4,918,819	4,918,819	1,014,439	3,904,380			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over							
(under) Expenditures	(4,793,819)	(4,793,819)	(1,005,404)	3,788,415			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	650,000	650,000	650,000				
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,143,819)	(4,143,819)	(355,404)	3,788,415			
FUND BALANCES, July 1	5,216,445	5,216,445	5,216,445	-			
FUND BALANCES, June 30	\$ 1,072,626	\$ 1,072,626	\$ 4,861,041	\$ 3,788,415			

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

		GOVERNMENT				
	W	ORKERS'		HEALTH		
	COM	IPENSATION	I	BENEFITS		
	INTER	NAL SERVICE	INTER	RNAL SERVICE		
		FUND		FUND	TOTAL	
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	5,050,173	\$	1,795,169	\$	6,845,342
Interest receivable		14,643		5,017		19,660
Total Assets		5,064,816		1,800,186		6,865,002
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		-		24,990		24,990
Due to other governments		74,633		-		74,633
Short-term portion of long-term liabilities	:					
Claims and judgments		602,617		-		602,617
Total Current Liabilities		677,250		24,990		702,240
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Claims and judgments		883,383		-		883,383
Total Liabilities		1,560,633		24,990		1,585,623
NET ASSETS						
Restricted	\$	3,504,183	\$	1,775,196	\$	5,279,379

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	GOVERNMENT		
	WORKERS' COMPENSATION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND	HEALTH BENEFITS INTERNAL SERVICEFUND	TOTAL
OPERATING REVENUE		,	
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 1,468,435	\$ 1,468,435
Miscellaneous		34,318	34,318
Total Operating Revenues	<u> </u>	1,502,753	1,502,753
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Services and supplies:			
Claims	16,731	1,594,970	1,611,701
Operating Income (Loss)	(16,731)	(92,217)	(108,948)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)			
Investment earnings	86,230	27,789	114,019
Net increase (decrease) in the fair	(0,5,0,0,5)	(00.010)	(117.45.4)
value of investments	(85,305)	(29,819)	(115,124)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	925	(2,030)	(1,105)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(15,806)	(94,247)	(110,053)
TRANSFERS IN		1,868,259	1,868,259
Change in Net Position	(15,806)	1,774,012	1,758,206
NET POSITION, July 1	3,519,989	1,184	3,521,173
NET POSITION, June 30	\$ 3,504,183	\$ 1,775,196	\$ 5,279,379

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		GOVERNMENT				
	CON	VORKERS' MPENSATIÓN RNAL SERVICE FUND		HEALTH BENEFITS RNAL SERVICE FUND		TOTAL
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS						
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						
Cash payments from other funds	\$	•	\$	1,156,708	\$	1,156,708
Cash payments from customers		-		311,726		311,726
Cash payments from others		-		34,318		34,318
Cash payments for services and supplies		(555,016)	•	(1,606,074)		(2,161,090)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		(555,016)		(103,322)		(658,338)
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:				1.050.040		1.0/0.050
Transfers from General Fund		-		1,868,259		1,868,259
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:						
Investment earnings (loss)		3,199		(6,993)		(3,794)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(551,817)		1,757,944		1,206,127
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1		5,601,990		37,225		5,639,215
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$	5,050,173	\$	1,795,169	\$	6,845,342
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET						
CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss)	\$	(16,731)	\$	(92,217)	\$	(108,948)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to						
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Change in assets and liabilities:						
Decrease in pending claims		(508,000)		-		(508,000)
Decrease in accounts payable		(30,285)		(11,105)		(41,390)
Total Adjustments		(538,285)		(11,105)		(549,390)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(555,016)	\$	(103,322)	\$	(658,338)

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGETED AMOUNTS					2013						
	ORIGINAL FINAL			ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET							
OPERATING EXPENSES												
Services and supplies Claims	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,000,000	\$	16,731	\$	983,269				
NONOPERATING REVENUES Investment earnings Net decrease in the fair		140,000		140,000		86,230		(53,770)				
value of investments		*		-		(85,305)		(85,305)				
Total Nonoperating Revenues		140,000		140,000		925		(139,075)				
Change in Net Position	\$	(860,000)	\$	(860,000)		(15,806)	\$	844,194				
NET POSITION, July 1						3,519,989						
NET POSITION, June 30					\$	3,504,183						

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WORKERS' COMPENSATION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGET	ED AN	MOUNTS		2013			
	ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash payments for services and supplies	\$ (1,000,000)	\$ (1,000,000)	\$	(555,016)	\$	444,984	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Investment earnings	140,000		140,000		3,199		(136,801)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(860,000)		(860,000)		(551,817)		308,183	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1	5,596,909		5,596,909		5,601,990		5,081	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$ 4,736,909	\$	4,736,909	\$	5,050,173	\$	313,264	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)				\$	(16,731)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash used by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:								
Decrease in pending claims Decrease in accounts payable					(508,000) (30,285)			
Total Adjustments				_	(538,285)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activiti	ies			\$	(555,016)			

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEALTH BENEFITS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		2	013 BUDGETI	ED A	MOUNTS	2013				
			ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
OPERATING REV								_		
Charges for ser	vices	\$	1,643,999	\$	1,643,999	\$	1,468,435	\$	(175,564)	
Miscellaneous			-		•		34,318		34,318	
	Total Operating Revenues		1,643,999		1,643,999	<u> </u>	1,502,753		(141,246)	
OPERATING EXP	ENSES									
Services and su	pplies		3,311,681		3,411,681		1,594,970		1,816,711	
	Operating Income (Loss)		(1,667,682)		(1,767,682)		(92,217)		1,675,465	
NONOPERATING	REVENUES (EXPENSES)									
Investment ear	nings		10,000		10,000		27,789		17,789	
Net decrease in	the fair value						(*** ****)		(*0.040)	
of investm	ents		-		-		(29,819)		(29,819)	
	Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		10,000	•	10,000		(2,030)		(12,030)	
	Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers		(1,657,682)		(1,757,682)		(94,247)		(1,663,435)	
TRANSFERS IN			1,667,682		1,767,682		1,868,259		(100,577)	
	Change in Net Position	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	1,774,012	\$	(1,764,012)	
NET POSITION, J	uly 1						1,184			
NET POSITION, J	une 30					\$	1,775,196			

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CASH FLOWS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEALTH BENEFITS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	2013 BUDGETED AMOUNTS					2013			
		ORIGINAL		FINAL		ACTUAL		IANCE WITH AL BUDGET	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND									
CASH EQUIVALENTS									
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:									
Cash received from other funds	\$	1,643,999	\$	1,643,999	\$	1,156,708	\$	(487,291)	
Cash received from customers		-		-		311,726		311,726	
Cash received from others		<u>-</u>				34,318		34,318	
Cash payments for services and supplies		(3,311,681)		(3,411,681)		(1,606,074)		1,805,607	
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating									
Activities	_	(1,667,682)		(1,767,682)	_	(103,322)		1,664,360	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:									
Transfers from General Fund		1,667,682	_	1,767,682		1,868,259		100,577	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:									
Investment earnings (loss)		10,000	_	10,000		(6,993)		(16,993)	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and									
Cash Equivalents		10,000		10,000		1,757,944		1,747,944	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1		2,000		2,000		37,225	-	35,225	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	1,795,169	\$	1,783,169	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO									
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVI	TIES								
Operating income (loss)					\$	(92,217)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to									
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Change in assets and liabilities:									
Increase (decrease) in:									
Accounts payable						(11,105)			
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating									
Activities					\$	(103,322)			



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners of Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) (a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 30, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reno, Nevada October 30, 2013



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners of Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Report of Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's (the District) (a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The District's major federal program is identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the District's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine our auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Reno, Nevada October 30, 2013

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA <u>Number</u>	Project/ Pass-Through/ Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Homeland Security:			
Passed through Nevada Division of Forestry: Fire Management Assistance Grant Fire Management Assistance Grant	97.046 97.046	FEMA-2973-FM-NV FEMA-2974-FM-NV	\$ 118,608*
Total			411,815
Passed through Nevada Department of Public Safety: Homeland Security Grant Program Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067	97067HL8 97067HL8	63,795 49,905
Total			<u>113,700</u>
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 525,515</u>

^{*}Includes expenditures incurred and paid in FY 11-12.

Note 1 - Reporting Entity:

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents fairly the activity of all federal award programs of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District. The Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. All expenditures of awards from federal agencies are included in the schedule.

Note 2 - Basis of Accounting:

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results:

- Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. issued an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Truckee Fire Protection District for the year ended June 30, 2013.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements.
- The audit disclosed no instances of noncompliance, which were material to the financial statements of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District.
- No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the internal control over a major federal award program were disclosed.
- Kafoury, Armstrong & Co. issued an unmodified opinion on compliance for major federal award programs of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District.
- There are no audit findings relative to a major federal award program for the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District, which are required to be reported under section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- The Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District had one major program for the year ended June 30, 2013, as follows:

Fire Management Assistance Grants - CFDA 97.046

- The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$300,000.
- The Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District did not qualify as a low risk auditee for the year ended June 30, 2013 under the criteria set forth in section .530 of OMB Circular A-133.

Section II - Findings - Financial Statement Audit:

There were no findings relating to the financial statement audit.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

• There were no findings related to the major federal award program.

TRUCKEE MEADOWS FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards:

• Audits of Federal Awards were not required for the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District for the years ended June 30, 2011 or June 30, 2012; therefore, there are no prior year findings to disclose.

AUDITOR'S COMMENTS

STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The required disclosure on compliance with the Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

PROGRESS ON PRIOR YEAR STATUTE COMPLIANCE

The District conformed to all significant statutory constraints on its financial administration during the year ended June 30, 2012.

PRIOR YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

Corrective action was taken on the specific finding included in the prior year report.

CURRENT YEAR RECOMMENDATIONS

We did not find any financial weaknesses of a magnitude to justify inclusion within our audit report.