Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District



AUDITED FINANCIAL REPORT

For Year Ending June 30, 2020

Washoe County, Nevada

Baccarat Fire north of Cold Springs, October 4, 2020

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CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Reno, Nevada

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) (a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-9, budgetary comparison information and reconciliation on pages 40-43, schedule of changes in net other postemployment benefit liability and related ratios on page 44, schedule of District's contributions – other postemployment benefits on page 45, schedule of District's share of net pension liability on page 46, and schedule of District's contributions – PERS on page 47, and the notes to the required supplementary information on page 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules, including budgetary comparisons and reconciliations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, including budgetary comparisons and reconciliations are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report November 25, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Erde Bailly LLP

Reno, Nevada November 25, 2020

As management of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's (the District) finances, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,468,896 which includes \$28,469,092 net investment in capital assets, \$1,442,078 restricted for wildland fire emergencies, \$1,206,309 restricted for claims, and (\$19,648,583) which is the unrestricted net position. Governmental activities include all funds of the District.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21,457,336 an increase of \$4,897,137 or 29.57% in comparison with the prior year. This increase was primarily caused by the issuance of \$4,415,000 in long-term debt. The proceeds are included in the governmental funds however, the liability will not be paid with current economic resources therefore the liabilities is not included in the governmental funds. Approximately 41.33% of the combined ending fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Total assets of the District at June 30, 2020 were \$56,311,420 with capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, accounting for \$28,839,998 of that total. Total deferred outflows of resources of the District at June 30, 2020 were \$10,350,772 all of which is related to post employment costs including health benefits and pension. Of the total liabilities of \$51,847,543, approximately 94.17% or \$48,826,019 represent liabilities related to long-term liabilities of the District. This is an increase of \$6,296,260 in liabilities in comparison with the prior year and was primarily caused by the increase in bonds payable of \$4,415,000 issued during the year, compensated absences of \$702,902 due to salary increases and growth of the District, and increase in net pension liability of \$756,986 due to changes in actuary assumptions and valuations. Total deferred inflows of resources of the District at June 30, 2020 were \$3,345,753 all of which is related to post employment costs including health benefits and pension.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned and unused vacation leave). Total revenues for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$33,325,850 consisting primarily of taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while total expenses were \$36,211,227. This resulted in a decrease in net

position of \$2,885,377 or 20.10% from prior year. The decrease was primarily caused by non-cash related expenses, including, increases in other postemployment benefit liability, pension liability and compensated absences liability. The District's net position remains strong.

Both of the government-wide financial statements show the public safety function of the District, which is principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). All governmental activities of the District are included in the public safety function since the District is a single-purpose entity.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District fall into the governmental funds category, except for the proprietary fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains three individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Emergency Fund and Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement or schedule has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget. The governmental fund financial statements and the reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund, which is an internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's functions. The District's internal service fund is used to account for its workers' compensation liability. Because these services benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The internal service fund is reported in the proprietary fund financial statements and can be found on pages 16 through 18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 39 of this report.

Other information. The District maintains a stabilization fund and a sick annual comp benefits fund for internal purposes. These funds do not meet the definition of special revenue funds under Governmental Accounting

Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions,* which was implemented in 2011 by the District. The activity for these funds is included in the General Fund in the basic financial statements; however, since the District prepares a budget for these funds, a reconciliation of budgetary basis financial statements to GAAP basis financial statements is presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These reconciliations can be found on pages 43 and 49 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

• As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As of June 30, 2020, the District's total net position was \$11,468,896, which is a \$2,885,377 decrease from the prior year. The primary reason for the decrease was the increase in other postemployment benefit liability, pension liability and compensate absences liability.

	Government	al Activities
	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 27,471,422	\$ 23,188,368
Capital assets	28,839,998	28,587,268
Total assets	56,311,420	51,775,636
Deferred outflows of resources	10,350,772	10,688,660
Other liabilities	3,021,524	2,882,644
Long-term liabilities	48,826,019	42,668,639
Total liabilities	51,847,543	45,551,283
Deferred inflows of resources	3,345,753	2,558,740
Net position:		
Investment in capital assets	28,469,092	28,587,268
Restricted	2,648,387	7,285,394
Unrestricted	(19,648,583)	(21,518,389)
Total net position	\$ 11,468,896	\$ 14,354,273

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's Net Position

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District's governmental activities exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$11,468,896. Net position includes the District's net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020 was \$28,469,092. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the District's net position \$2,648,387 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used, such as the workers' compensation claims and emergencies. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was (\$19,648,583).

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in two of the three categories of net position. The negative unrestricted net position was caused by the accounting standard requiring the reporting of the Net Pension Liability on the balance sheet.

Government	Governmental Activities			
 2020		2019		
\$ 665,975	\$	525,145		
16,109		100		
19,937,912		18,494,193		
9,021,756		8,725,419		
1,557,133		1,699,759		
918,533		733,940		
1,114,528		1,828,454		
 93,904		900,189		
33,325,850		32,907,199		
36,116,362		34,083,907		
 94,865		-		
36,211,227		34,083,907		
 (2,885,377)		(1,176,708)		
 14,354,273		15,530,981		
\$ 11,468,896	\$	14,354,273		
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 665,975 \$ 16,109 19,937,912 9,021,756 1,557,133 918,533 1,114,528 93,904 33,325,850 36,116,362 94,865 36,211,227 (2,885,377) 14,354,273		

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District's Changes in Net Position

Total Revenues. The District's total revenues increased by \$418,651, or 1.27%. The primary increase was caused by an increase of \$1,443,719 in property tax. Also included in the increase is a \$296,337 increase in consolidated taxes. These increases were offset by decreases in reimbursements in the amount of \$713,926 primarily related to fire reimbursements in the Emergency Fund and a decrease of other revenues related to a one time gain on sale of property that occurred in the prior fiscal year.

Total Expenses. The District's total expenses increased by \$2,127,320 or by 6.24% which was primarily due to salary and benefit increases, including additional costs related to pension and post-employment benefits, and increases in the number of employees due to the growth of the District.

Net Position. The District's total net position decreased by \$2,885,377 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District's total net position decreased by \$1,176,708 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, including a prior period adjustment of \$275,736. The decrease in total net position in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was primarily caused by non-cash expenses, including change in other post-employment benefit and pension related liabilities and an increase in compensate absences liability.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$21,457,336, an increase of \$4,897,137 or 29.57% in comparison with the prior year. This increase was primarily caused by the increases is intergovernmental revenues associated with local sales taxes and proceeds from the issuance of bonds. Approximately 41.33% of the combined ending fund balance is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the total fund balance for the General Fund was \$12,649,010. The total fund balance includes an assigned fund balance of \$3,744,290 which consists of \$133,941 assigned for encumbrances, \$3,077,279 appropriated to the fiscal year 20/21 budget and \$533,070 assigned to pay out accrued sick and annual compensation balances. The remaining fund balance consists of, \$36,034 in nonspendable fund balance, and \$8,868,686 unassigned.

The total fund balance for the General Fund in the amount of \$12,649,010 is an increase of \$2,217,975 from the prior year. This increase is primarily caused by increases in intergovernmental revenues associated with local sales taxes.

As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare the June 30, 2020 total fund balance not attributable to the Stabilization Fund or the Sick Annual Comp Benefits Fund of \$11,475,006 to fund expenditures. The fund balance represents 38.15% of total General Fund expenditures. This represents approximately 4.6 months' worth of expenditures. The fund balance will give the District's General Fund sufficient cash flow to meet its operational obligations.

The District's Emergency Fund was established according to NRS 474 for the funding for unforeseen emergencies, primarily large wildland fires and other natural disasters. In fiscal year 2020, the District incurred large wildland fires within its jurisdiction; and it provided fire suppression services to other entities for a fee and paid for the State wildland fire insurance program and other expenditures which totaled \$609,009. The Emergency Fund balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$1,299,060.

The Capital Projects Fund activity in fiscal year 2020 included, most notably, the issuance of bonds in the amount of \$4,415,000. Purchases from the Fund, included among other things, the purchase of land for a future consolidated fire station, a ladder truck, and three brush trucks. In addition, the District refurbished five water tenders and replaced computers in all the District's apparatus.

Proprietary funds. The District's proprietary fund provides information on the workers' compensation program of the District. The net position of the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 2020, was \$1,206,309. In fiscal year 2020, the District fully funded its workers' compensation liabilities. In fiscal year 2020, the District's workers' compensation liabilities.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The District's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$28,839,998 (net of accumulated depreciation). This net investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, and vehicles and equipment. Refer to Note 4 for further detail.

Long-term debt. During the fiscal year, the District issued long-term bonded debt in the amount of \$4,415,000 to be used to fund the purchase and buildup of vehicles and apparatus, including fire engines and water tenders. This is the first issuance of debt by the District. This debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District. Scheduled principal and interest payments will commence in fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other long-term obligations of the District included compensated absences, such as accrued vacation and sick leave, and estimated workers compensation' claims. Refer to Note 5 for further detail.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The District relies primarily on two types of tax revenues. The first of these is ad valorem or property taxes and is directly affected by the assessed property tax values in Washoe County, Nevada. Property tax revenues are projected to increase for 2020-2021. Assessed values increased by 7.18% for the coming fiscal year.
- The second significant tax revenue for the District, the consolidated tax, consists primarily of sales taxes. For the year ended June 30, 2020, taxable sales in Washoe County increased by 4.8% over the previous fiscal year. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the District budgeted for a decrease in sales tax revenue of 13.5% in reaction to the current COVID-19 pandemic and the expected impact to sales revenues.

These factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2021 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Truckee Meadows, 3663 Barron Way, Reno, Nevada 89511.

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
Assets	ф <u>20 с 47 1 с</u>	
Cash and investments	\$ 20,547,15	
Accounts receivable	202,32	
Taxes receivable	173,11	
Due from other governments, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	2,917,51	
Interest receivable	75,54	
Deposits	3,526,18	
Prepaids	29,60	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	3,772,55	
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	25,067,44	.3
Total assets	56,311,42	0
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Pension related amounts	8,114,70	
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	2,236,06	3
Total deferred outflows of resources	10,350,77	2
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,405,57	1
Due to other governments	573,07	'9
Unearned revenue	22,74	-2
Accrued interest	20,13	2
Noncurrent liabilities		
Due within one year		
Bonds payable	409,00	0
Claims and judgments	50,64	5
Compensated absences	1,986,38	
Due in more than one year		
Bonds payable	4,006,00	00
Claims and judgments	1,360,77	
Compensated absences	3,613,59	
Net other postemployment benefits liability	4,551,64	
Net pension liability	32,847,97	
		-
Total liabilities	51,847,54	.3
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	253,05	
Pension related amounts	3,092,70	1
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,345,75	3
Net Position		
Investment in capital assets	28,469,09	2
Restricted for		
Wildland fire emergencies	1,442,07	
Claims	1,206,30	19
Unrestricted	(19,648,58	(3)
Total net position	\$ 11,468,89	6

See Notes to Financial Statements

							F	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Functions/Programs	OperatingCharges forGrants andExpensesServicesContributio		e				ants and	G	overnmental Activities
Governmental activities Public safety Debt service	\$	36,116,362 94,865	\$	665,975	\$	16,109 -	\$	(35,434,278) (94,865)	
	\$	36,211,227	\$	665,975	\$	16,109	\$	(35,529,143)	
	General Revenues Ad valorem taxes Intergovernmental Revenues Consolidated taxes SCCRT-AB104 Real property transfer tax Licenses and permits Reimbursements Unrestricted investment earnings Other Gain on sale of assets					$\begin{array}{c} 19,937,912\\ 9,021,756\\ 1,410,137\\ 146,996\\ 62,074\\ 1,114,528\\ 918,533\\ 27,769\\ 4,061\end{array}$			
		Total general	revenu	es				32,643,766	
	Cha	inge in Net Posi	ition					(2,885,377)	
	Net	Position, Begin	nning o	f Year				14,354,273	
	Net	Position, End o	of Year				\$	11,468,896	

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

	General Fund (GAAP Basis)	Emergency Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets	¢ 12 (12 170	¢ 1 220 025	¢ 1010 512	¢ 17 012 057
Cash and investments	\$ 12,643,479	\$ 1,220,935	\$ 4,048,543	\$ 17,912,957
Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	202,325 173,110	-	-	202,325 173,110
Due from other governments, net of	175,110	-	-	1/5,110
allowance for doubtful accounts	2,567,036	350,475		2,917,511
Interest receivable	2,307,030 51,790	550,475	- 14,795	66,585
Deposits	6,432	_	3,519,752	3,526,184
Prepaid	29,602	_	-	29,602
Topula	29,002			29,002
Total assets	\$ 15,673,774	\$ 1,571,410	\$ 7,583,090	\$ 24,828,274
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and				
accrued liabilities	\$ 2,202,415	\$ 129,332	\$ 73,824	\$ 2,405,571
Due to other governments	547,658	¢ 129,352 -	¢ 75,021	547,658
Unearned revenue	22,742	-	-	22,742
	,			;
Total liabilities	2,772,815	129,332	73,824	2,975,971
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenues				
Property taxes	132,108	-	-	132,108
Reimbursements	119,841	143,018	-	262,859
Total deferred inflows				
of resources	251,949	143,018		394,967
Fund Balances	• • • • •			
Nonspendable	36,034	-	3,519,752	3,555,786
Restricted	-	1,299,060	563,717	1,862,777
Committed	-	-	3,425,797	3,425,797
Assigned	2 211 220			2 211 220
For budget shortfall	3,211,220			3,211,220
For compensated absences buyout Unassigned	533,070 8,868,686			533,070 8,868,686
Ollassigned	8,808,080			8,000,000
Total fund balances	12,649,010	1,299,060	7,509,266	21,457,336
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 15,673,774	\$ 1,571,410	\$ 7,583,090	\$ 24 828 271
resources, and rund balances	φ 1 <i>3</i> ,07 <i>3</i> ,774	φ 1, <i>3</i> /1,410	φ 7,303,090	\$ 24,828,274

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position and	e different becau	se:
Total fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 21,457,336
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation	47,081,594 (18,241,596)	28,839,998
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		394,967
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Bonds payable Compensated absences Net other postemployment benefits liability Net pension liability	$\begin{array}{c} (20,132) \\ (4,415,000) \\ (5,599,978) \\ (4,551,649) \\ (32,847,974) \end{array}$	(47,434,733)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other post- employment benefits (OPEB) are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,236,063 (253,052)	1,983,011
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	8,114,709 (3,092,701)	5,022,008
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of certain activities to individual funds. The net position of the Internal Service Funds is reported with governmental activities		1,206,309
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 11,468,896

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

D	General Fund (GAAP Basis)	Emergency Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 19,930,329 62,074 12,201,551 48,480 1,241,396	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - - - 211,118	\$ 19,930,329 62,074 12,201,551 48,480 1,773,167
Total revenues	33,483,830	320,653	211,118	34,015,601
Expenditures Current				
Public safety Capital outlay Debt service	30,465,855	609,009 - -	678,769 1,720,108 74,733	31,753,633 1,720,108 74,733
Total expenditures	30,465,855	609,009	2,473,610	33,548,474
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	3,017,975	(288,356)	(2,262,492)	467,127
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets	- (800,000) -	- - - -	4,415,000 800,000 - 15,010	4,415,000 800,000 (800,000) 15,010
Total other financing sources (uses)	(800,000)		5,230,010	4,430,010
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,217,975	(288,356)	2,967,518	4,897,137
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	10,431,035	1,587,416	4,541,748	16,560,199
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 12,649,010	\$ 1,299,060	\$ 7,509,266	\$ 21,457,336

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are diff	ferent because:			
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds				
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over the estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.				
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year depreciation/amortization	1,856,074 (1,592,395)	263,679		
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in governmental funds. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the change in unavailable revenue.		(806,585)		
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and/or deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.				
Bonds issued		(4,415,000)		
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:				
Change in compensated absences Change in tax refund Change in accrued interest	(875,972) 165,885 (20,132)	(730,219)		
In the statement of activities, the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported. In the governmental funds, the gain or loss is not reported. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balances by the cost of the assets sold less the balance in accumulated depreciation.		(10,949)		
Governmental funds report pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension and OPEB benefits earned is reported as pension expense.				
OPEB contributions OPEB expense Pension contributions Pension expense	651,000 (1,095,084) 2,423,345 (4,116,006)	(2,136,745)		
The internal service funds are used by management to account for the costs of retiree health medical expenses and workers' compensation. The net revenue of the internal service funds is reported with				
governmental activities.		53,305		
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ (2,885,377)		

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets Current assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,634,193
Interest receivable	8,955
Total assets	2,643,148
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Due to other governments	25,421
Claims and judgments	50,645
Total current liabilities	76,066
Noncurrent liabilities	
Claims and judgments	1,360,773
	1 427 020
Total liabilities	1,436,839
Net Position	
Restricted for claims	\$ 1,206,309

		1	2	
Year	Ended	June	30,	2020

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
Operating Expenses		
Services and supplies	.	
Claims	\$	56,516
Miscellaneous		2,952
Total operating expenses		59,468
Operating Income (Loss)		(59,468)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Investment earnings		45,323
Net increase in the fair value of investments		67,450
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		112,773
Total honoperating revenues (expenses)		112,775
Change in Net Position		53,305
Net Position, Beginning of Year		1,153,004
Net Position, End of Year	\$	1,206,309

	I	vernmental Activities rnal Service Funds
Operating Activities Cash payments for services and supplies	\$	(23,161)
Investing Activities Investment earnings		113,531
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		90,370
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		2,543,823
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	2,634,193
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from (used for) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from (used for) operating activities:	\$	(59,468)
Change in Due to other governments Pending claims		15,858 20,449
Total adjustments		36,307
Net Cash used for Operating Activities	\$	(23,161)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (District) is a municipality of the State of Nevada located in Washoe County, Nevada. The District is governed by the Board of Fire Commissioners. The Washoe County Board of County Commissioners functions as the Board of Fire Commissioners of the District.

The County has no financial benefit or burden relationship with the District and the District is a legally separate organization from the County. However, the Board of County Commissioners acts as the Board of Fire Commissioners of the District and as such, as defined in governmental accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the District has been classified as a discretely presented component unit of the County.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information about the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the public safety function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide information about the funds of the District. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund's financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report deferred inflows of resources in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liabilities are incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, postemployment benefits, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. The District initially utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities prior to unrestricted resources, which are utilized as they are needed.

Property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental revenues, and interest earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income or loss, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of services (employee benefits). All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector.

The District's Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is the only proprietary fund. The financial statements of the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The costs of these services are reported in the public safety function. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Wildland Fire Emergency Reserve Fund (The Emergency Fund), a special revenue fund under Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS), was created to account for the cost of unforeseen large wildland fire emergencies pursuant to NRS 474.510.

The Capital Projects Fund, a capital projects fund, accounts for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital assets.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

The Workers' Compensation Fund Internal Service Fund accounts for the workers' compensation activity.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District adheres to the Local Government Budget and Finance Act incorporated within the statutes of the State of Nevada, which include the following major procedures to establish the budgetary data, which is reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. On or before April 15, the Board of Fire Commissioners files a tentative budget with the Nevada Department of Taxation for all funds.
- 2. Public hearings on the tentative budget are held on the third Monday in May in conjunction with Washoe County's budget hearing.
- 3. Prior to June 1, at a public hearing, the Board indicates changes, if any, to be made to the tentative budget and adopts a final budget by the favorable vote of a majority of the members of the Board. The final budget must then be forwarded to the Department of Taxation for compliance with State laws and

regulations. In any year in which legislative action, which was not anticipated, affects the local government's final budget, the Board may file an amended final budget within 30 days of adjournment of the legislative session.

- 4. Formal budgetary integration in the financial records of all funds is employed to enhance management control during the year. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- 5. Budgets for all externally reported funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, budgets are required for the internally reported special revenue fund.

Pursuant to Nevada Revised Statute 354.598005 the person designated to administer the budget may transfer appropriations within any function. Budget amounts may be transferred between functions within a fund if the governing body is advised of the action at the next regular meeting and the action is recorded in the official minutes of the meeting. Transfer of appropriations between funds or from the contingency account or budget augmentations in excess of original budgetary amounts may not be made without prior approval of the Board of Fire Commissioners, following a scheduled and noticed public hearing, as necessary. The budget was augmented as set forth above during the year. In accordance with state statute, actual expenditures generally may not exceed budgetary appropriations of the public safety function of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Capital Projects Fund. Also, actual operating and non-operating expenses of the Internal Service Fund generally may not exceed budgeted amounts.

Cash Deposited and Invested with Washoe County Treasurer

A majority of all cash transactions of the District are handled by the Washoe County Treasurer's office. Cash balances are pooled and, to the extent practicable, invested as permitted by law in combination with Washoe County funds.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments, generally with original maturities of three months or less. The District's cash and investments pooled with Washoe County funds and the District's payroll cash account are available upon demand, therefore all cash and investments of the District are considered to be cash equivalents.

Taxes Receivable

Real and personal property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes receivable from the delinquent roll years. No provision for uncollectible accounts has been established since management does not anticipate any material collection loss in respect to the remaining balances.

Personal property taxes receivable reflect only those taxes management believes to be collectible.

Amounts not collected within 60 days after year-end have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources at the governmental fund level.

Receivables

The allowance method is used to provide for estimated uncollectible amounts. At June 30, 2020, the allowance for uncollectible accounts was \$11,017 in the Emergency Fund.

Deposits and prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as deposits and prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The amounts of deposits and prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment, are reported in the governmentwide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land improvements	40 years
Buildings	40 years
Building improvements	20 years
Vehicles and equipment	5 - 20 years

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS) Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits

The District provides other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for eligible employees through a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The plan is administered through the Washoe County, Nevada OPEB Trust (Trust), an irrevocable trust established on May 11,2010 by the Board of County Commissioners. The Trust is a multiple employer trust and was created to fund and account for the participating employers' costs of retiree healthcare benefits pursuant to NRS 287.017. The District's net OPEB liability is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liabilities used to calculate the net OPEB liability are determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2018, with the amounts rolled forward to June 30, 2019.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow

of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District recognizes deferred outflow of resources as it related to the net pension liability and other postemployment benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents and acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District recognizes deferred inflow of resources as it relates to the net pension liability and the net other postemployment liability on the Statement of Net Position. In addition, the District recognizes deferred inflows of resources as they relate to property taxes, consolidated taxes and wildland fire reimbursements in the governmental fund financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance cost, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The costs involved in vacation time and sick leave benefits are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements; costs are recorded as payroll costs only when the accumulated benefits are paid or accrued as a result of a termination of service.

The District provides for payment of accrued vacation and accrued comp time upon death, retirement, termination or permanent disability. Employees who are members of the International Association of Fire Fighters (IAFF) Local 2487 upon death, retirement or permanent disability after twenty years of enrollment with the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS) shall be compensated for total accrued sick leave at the rate of 75% for every hour earned increasing by 5% per year up to a maximum of 100% at 25 years of PERS enrollment. For employees who are not members of IAFF Local 2487, upon death, retirement, permanent disability, or termination of an employee after ten years of full-time employment or its equivalent if the employee has not served as a full-time employee for reasons other than discharge for just cause, shall be compensated for total accrued sick leave at the rate of eaver at the rate of one hour for every three hours earned up to a maximum hour limitation.

Fund Equity

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if applicable.

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> – Consists of net position with constraints placed on its use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, contributors, or laws or regulations; (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – All other net position that does not meet the definition of restricted or net investment in capital assets.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources in the fund:

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form. For the District this includes deposits and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Occurs when constraints are placed on the use of resources externally (such as through debt covenants or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation). For the District, the restricted fund balance consists of restricted assets for capital projects financed with debt and emergency resources.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Represents amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by of the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the District's Board of Fire Commissioners prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the Board of Fire Commissioners remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board of Fire Commissioners removes or revises the limitation. For the District, the committed fund balance consists of committed assets for capital projects.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Represents amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes and consists of the District's encumbrances as approved by the Board of Fire Commissioners and the amount of fund balance to be expended in the ensuing fiscal year as approved by the Board of Fire Commissioners and amounts internally reported for sick and annual compensation benefits.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - Represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, committed funds, if any, are to be spent first, assigned funds second, and unassigned funds last.

Property Taxes

All real property in the District is assigned a parcel number in accordance with state law, with each parcel being subject to physical reappraisal every five years. A factoring system is used to adjust the appraised value during the years between physical appraisals. The valuation of the property and its improvements is being assessed at 35 percent of "taxable value" as defined by statute. The amount of tax levied is determined by multiplying the assessed value by the tax rate applicable to the area in which the property is located.

Taxes on real property are a lien on the property and attach on July 1 of the year for which the taxes are levied.

Taxes may be paid in four installments payable on the third Monday in August, and the first Mondays in October, January, and March, to the Treasurer of Washoe County. Penalties are assessed if a taxpayer fails to pay an installment within ten days of the installment due date. After a two-year waiting period, if taxes remain unpaid, a tax deed is issued conveying the property to the County with a lien for back taxes and accumulated charges.

Redemption may be made by the owner and such persons as described by statute by paying all back taxes and accumulated penalties, interest, and costs before sale.

Taxes on personal property are collected currently. Personal property declarations are mailed out annually and the tax is computed using percentages of taxable values established by the Department of Taxation and tax rates described above.

The major classifications of personal property are commercial and mobile homes. In Washoe County, taxes on motor vehicles are collected by a State agency and remitted to the local governments in the County as part of the Consolidated Tax distribution.

Note 2 - Compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code

The District conformed to all significant statutory and administrative code constraints on its financial administration during the year.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

The District is a voluntary participant in the Washoe County Investment Pool (WCIP). The Washoe County Board of County Commissioners administers and is responsible for the WCIP in accordance with NRS 355.175. The investment pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Public Financial Management, LLC determines the fair value of the investment pool monthly. Washoe County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees during the audit period to support these values. Each participant's share is equal to their investment plus or minus their pro-rata portion of monthly interest income and realized and unrealized gains/losses. The related fair value is \$19,805,432 as of June 30, 2020. The District's total cash and investments is as follows at June 30, 2020:

Cash WCIP	\$ 741,718 19,805,432
Total cash and investments	\$ 20,547,150

Credit Risk

Fixed income securities are subject to credit risk. Credit risk refers to the risk that a borrower will default on debt by failing to make required payments. The District does not hold any such investments directly, but participates in the WCIP. The WCIP is unrated by recognized statistical rating agencies.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that an entity's deposits, which are in the possession of an outside party, will not be returned to the entity if the counterparty fails. Balances in the WCIP and the District's Payroll account are covered by one or more of the following: Federal depository insurance, the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name, or by collateral held by depositories in the name of the Nevada Collateral Pool, and the balances are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Government Activities:

	Balance July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2020
Capital assets, not being depreciated	July 1, 2019	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2020
Land	\$ 2,359,309	\$ 477,481	\$ -	\$ 2,836,790
Construction in progress	2,013,294	1,206,248	(2,283,777)	935,765
		1 (02 500		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,372,603	1,683,729	(2,283,777)	3,772,555
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Land improvements	381,376	-	-	381,376
Buildings and building improvements	21,468,930	176,825	-	21,645,755
Vehicles and equipment	19,016,123	2,277,175	(11,390)	21,281,908
		<u>_</u>		<u>_</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	40,866,429	2,454,000	(11,390)	43,309,039
I are a computed depression for				
Less accumulated depreciation for	(249.545)	(14.074)		(2(2,410))
Land improvements	(248,545)	(14,874)	-	(263,419)
Buildings and building improvements	(6,067,513)	(565,075)	-	(6,632,588)
Vehicles and equipment	(10,335,706)	(1,012,446)	2,563	(11,345,589)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16,651,764)	(1,592,395)	2,563	(18,241,596)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	24,214,665	861,605	(8,827)	25,067,443
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$28,587,268	\$ 2,545,334	\$(2,292,604)	\$ 28,839,998

The increase in accumulated depreciation includes depreciation expense of \$1,592,395 charged to the public safety function.

Note 5 - Long-Term Liabilities

General obligation bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The District issued general obligation medium-term equipment bonds in the year ended June 30, 2020 to provide funds for purchase of fire engines and equipment. These bonds will be repaid from all legally available funds of the District, including its capital projects fund and its general fund. The bonds have a stated rate of interest of 1.5% and are payable in equal installments over the next 10 years.

The District's outstanding bonds related to governmental activities of \$4,415,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, the bond owner may institute legal proceedings against the District and the interest rate may be increased to 1.92% annually.

General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020, are as follows:

		Final		
	Issue	Payment	Interest	Original
	Date	Date	Rate	Amount
Direct Placement: General Obligations:				
Medium-term Equipment Bonds Series 2020	3/10/2020	3/1/2030	1.50%	\$4,415,000

Interest expense of \$20,132 for the year was recorded by the District.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Amount			Amount	
	Outstanding			Outstanding	Due Within
	July 1, 2019	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2020	One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ -	\$4,415,000	\$ -	\$ 4,415,000	\$ 409,000
Compensated absences	4,724,006	2,580,685	1,704,713	5,599,978	1,986,388
Claims and judgments	1,390,969	40,657	20,208	1,411,418	50,645
Tax refund	165,885		165,885		
	\$6,280,860	\$7,036,342	\$1,890,806	\$11,426,396	\$2,446,033

Compensated absences are generally liquidated from the General Fund and claims and judgments are liquidated from the Workers' Compensation Internal Service Fund. General Obligation Bonds will be liquidated through transfers to the Debt Service fund, once created in Fiscal year 2021, from the Capital projects fund.

The debt service requirements for the District's bonds are as follows:

Year Ended		
June 30,	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 409,000	\$ 64,569
2022	416,000	60,090
2023	423,000	53,850
2024	430,000	47,505
2025	437,000	41,055
2026-2030	2,300,000	104,700
	\$4,415,000	\$ 371,769

Note 6 – Operating Leases

The District leases warehouse space under an operating lease agreement. The agreement expires on December 31, 2021. The terms of the agreement require monthly rent payments, increasing annually plus operating expenses.

The District began a long-term lease on February 1, 2020 for office and warehouse space which expires in fiscal year 2025. The agreement expires on January 31, 2025. The terms of the agreement require monthly rent payments, increasing annually plus operating expenses. The lease contains the option of two five year renewal periods at then prevailing fair market rental rate. The District has the right to purchase the building at \$185 per square foot, plus fees, any time prior to the 36th month of the lease.

Total lease payments in fiscal year 2020 were \$206,818. Future minimum payments for these leases are:

Year Ended	Minimum Lease		
June 30,	Payments		
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	401,056 374,040 346,224 356,610 211,618 1,689,549	

Note 7 - Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

		Transfer in	
		Capital	
]	Projects Fund	
Transfers out:			
General Fund		\$	800,000

The transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund was used to move unrestricted, one-time savings to fund one-time capital outlay expenditures.

Note 8- Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB)

Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description and Eligibility

Prior to July 1, 2000, the District provided health insurance benefits to retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. At June 30, 2000, ten retirees were participating in the District's health benefits program. On July 1, 2000, pursuant to an Interlocal Agreement for Fire Services and Consolidation, District fire operations were transferred to the City of Reno and the City accepted liability for the ten retirees under this plan. In accordance with the Interlocal Agreement, the District pays a proportionate share of employees' retiree health benefit costs based on

service earned prior to July 1, 2000, for those employees who transferred employment to the City of Reno and retired prior to June 30, 2012 or during the term of the Interlocal Agreement. Health benefits under the City's plan included medical, prescription, vision, dental and life insurance.

The Interlocal Agreement was terminated on June 30, 2012, and the District assumed responsibility for its own fire district operations as of July 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2012, in preparation of standing up the new fire operations, 11 former Reno firefighters transferred to the District with the provision the District would provide retiree health benefits for those 11 employees. Any former District employees remaining employed by the City of Reno as of July 1, 2012 retained retiree health benefits with the City and the City retained the liability for those employees. Benefits under the new District plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan, include health, dental, vision and prescription coverage. Eligible retirees who retire from the District will be required to pay for 50% of the retirees' health insurance premium and 100% of the cost of coverage for their families. Eligibility requirements, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions may be amended by the mutual agreement of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District and the District's Fire Firefighters' Association.

As of July 1, 2010, the Plan is administered through an irrevocable trust, Washoe County, Nevada OPEB Trust (Trust), established on May 11, 2010, by the Board of Washoe County Commissioners. The Trust, a multipleemployer trust, was created to fund and account for the participating employers' costs of retiree healthcare benefits pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes 287.017. The District is a participating employer in the Trust. Complete financial statements of the Trust may be obtained by writing to: OPEB Trust, c/o Washoe County Comptroller's Office, 1001 E. 9th Street Ste D200, Reno, Nevada, 89512.

Employees covered by benefit terms. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments:	50
Active employees:	130

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The District's total OPEB liability of \$10,737,148 was measured as of June 30, 2019 was based on the valuation date of July 1, 2018. Projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs are based on established pattern of practice. Actuary valuations include projections of the sharing of benefit-related costs that are based on an established pattern of practice. The total OPEB liability in the actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial funding method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Pay
Inflation	3%
Salary increases	
0-4 years of service	8.00%
5 + years of service	3.00%
Discount rate	6.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	Range between 4.6% to 7.0% annually
Medicare	Range between 4.6% to 6.7% annually
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	
Retirees before June 30, 2012 under City of Reno Plan	
(Pre-65)	40% retiree and dependent
(Post-65)	50% retiree and 100% dependent
Retirees hired on or before July 1, 2014	50% retiree and 100% dependent
Retirees hired after July 1, 2014	100% retiree and dependent

The investment rate of return of 6.00%, net of investment expenses, was selected by the District. This is based on the investment policy of State of Nevada's Retiree Benefit Investment Fund (RBIF) where the District invests its assets to fund its OPEB liabilities. This rate is derived based on the RBIF's investment policy (shown in the table below), and includes a 3.00% long-term inflation assumption.

Asset Class	Asset allocation
Foreign Developed Equity	21.00%
U.S. Fixed Income	30.00%
U.S. Large Cap Equity	49.00%

The discount rate was based on the long term rate of return on OPEB plan investments that are expected to be used to finance the payment of benefits to the extent that plan assets are projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. To the extent that OPEB plan assets are insufficient to finance all OPEB benefits, the discount rate should be based on 20-year tax-exempt AA or higher Municipal Bonds as of the Measurement Date. Based on the District's current funding policy of funding the Trust annually to maintain a funded percentage of at least 80%, the Fiduciary Net Position and future expected contributions and earnings are projected to be sufficient such that the Trust remains solvent. Therefore, a discount rate of 6.00% is used in calculating the total OPEB liability.

Mortality rates for healthy life were based on the RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant mortality tables adjusted to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2018 from the 2006 base year, and projected forward using projection scale MP-2018 on a generational basis.

The number of participants in the plan is not large enough to provide credible data to perform an experience study to establish demographic assumptions for termination, retirement, and mortality. The demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation of OPEB liabilities were developed based Nevada Public Employees Retirement System demographic assumptions.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

		Increase/	
		(Decrease) in	
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balance at June 30, 2019	¢ 0.017.702	¢ 5 521 001	¢ 4 206 701
(Measurement Date June 30, 2018)	<u>\$ 9,817,792</u>	\$ 5,521,001	<u>\$ 4,296,791</u>
Charges for the year:			
Service Cost	520,411	-	520,411
Interest on the total OPEB liability	613,936	-	613,936
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-
Differences between actual and expected			
experience with regard to economic or			
demographic factors	-	-	-
Changes of assumptions	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(214,991)	(214,991)	-
Contributions from employer	-	463,000	(463,000)
Net investment income	-	450,939	(450,939)
Administrative expense		(34,450)	34,450
Total Changes	919,356	664,498	254,858
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 10,737,148</u>	<u>\$ 6,185,499</u>	<u>\$ 4.551.649</u>
(Measurement Date June 30, 2019)			

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.0 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 5,731,117	\$ 4,551,649	\$ 3,515,564

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
	Cost Trend	Cost Trend	Cost Trend
Net OPEB liability	\$ 3,271,138	\$ 4,551,649	\$ 6,069,867

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,095,084. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	red Inflows Resources	rred Outflow Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 18,977	\$ -
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	1,585,063
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	234,075	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 N/A	 651,000
Total	\$ 253,052	\$ 2,236,063

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$651,000 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

Other estimated amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Recognized Deferred		
	(Inflows)/Outflows of		
Year ended June 30,	Resources		
2021	\$ 263,861		
2022	263,862		
2023	314,295		
2024	328,467		
2025	161,526		
Total	\$ 1,332,011		

Defined Contribution Plan:

Plan Description and Eligibility

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District agreed to participate in a Post-Employment Health Plan (PEHP) a defined contribution plan for collectively bargained public employees. Under the agreement with International Association of Fire Fighters Local 2487 (Local 2487), Local 2487 determines the plan administrator for the PEHP and the District agrees to contribute to the PEHP on behalf of the employees. The plan administrator for the PEHP is Nationwide Insurance Company (the Administrator).

Employees who are members of Local 2487 hired with the District on or before July 1 2014, will have a one-time contribution of \$1,000 made by the District to the employee's PEHP account for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 for the non-supervisory group and for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 for the supervisory group; thereafter an annual contribution of \$120 will be made by the District to the employee's PEHP account. Employees who are members of Local 2487 group hired with the District after July 1, 2014 will have an annual contribution of \$2,880 made by the District to the employee will pay all associated account administrative

fees for the PEHP to keep the account in good standing. Contribution rates are established within the CBA and may be amended with by mutual agreement of the District and Local 2487.

Vesting and Forfeitures

The plan does not have a vesting period. Each employee shall become an eligible employee as determined by the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) and shall be entitled to receive a contribution to the PEHP as set forth in the participation agreement and CBA on the entry date coincident with or next following the later of the date on which the participant becomes an eligible employee, or the effective date of the PEHP.

If an eligible employee or participant has no dependents on the date notice of death is provided to the Administrator and no dependent is identified and no request to pay qualifying medical care expenses directly to a service provider, on behalf of a deceased eligible employee or participant, is received within 180 days of the date on which the Administrator was notified of an eligible employee or participant's death, the balance in the participant's account will be forfeited.

Any amount forfeited shall be allocated as soon as administratively practicable following, the date on which the Administrator determines that a forfeiture has occurred to the accounts of all other eligible employees and participants who are (or were) employed by the District and have an account balance on the valuation date. Forfeitures shall be allocated among the eligible employee and participants in accordance with procedures established by the Administrator.

The District recognized an OPEB expense related to the defined contribution plan in the amount of \$121,480 as of June 30, 2020.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of Nevada (PERS). PERS administers a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit public employees' retirement system which includes both Regular and Police/Fire members. PERS was established by the Nevada Legislature in 1947, effective July 1, 1948. PERS is administered to provide a reasonable base income to qualified employees who have been employed by a public employer and whose earnings capacities have been removed or substantially impaired by age or disability.

Benefits Provided

Benefits, as required by the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS or statute), are determined by the number of years of accredited service at time of retirement and the member's highest average compensation in any 36 consecutive months with special provisions for members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010 and July 1, 2015. Benefit payments to which participants or their beneficiaries may be entitled under the plan include pension benefits, disability benefits, and survivor benefits.

Monthly benefit allowances for members are computed as 2.5% of average compensation for each accredited year of service prior to July 1, 2001. For service earned on and after July 1, 2001, this factor is 2.67% of average compensation. For members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, there is a 2.5% service time factor and for regular members entering PERS on or after July 1, 2015, there is a 2.25% factor. PERS offers several alternatives to the unmodified service retirement allowance which, in general, allow the retired employee to accept a reduced

service retirement allowance payable monthly during his or her lifetime and various optional monthly payments to a named beneficiary after his or her death.

Post-retirement increases are provided by authority of NRS 286.575 - .579.

Vesting

Regular members entering PERS prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, at age 60 with 10 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Regular members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, or age 62 with 10 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service. Regular members who entered PERS on or after July 1, 2015, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, or at age 62 with 10 years of service or at age 55 with 5 years of service.

Police/Fire members entering PERS prior to January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at age 65 with 5 years of service, at age 55 with 10 years of service, at age 50 with 20 years of service, or at any age with 25 years of service. Police/Fire members entering PERS on or after January 1, 2010, are eligible for retirement at 65 with 5 years of service, or age 60 with 10 years of service, or age 50 with 20 years of service, or at any age with 30 years of service. Only service performed in a position as a police officer or firefighter may be counted towards eligibility for retirement as Police/Fire accredited service.

The normal ceiling limitation on monthly benefits allowances is 75% of average compensation. However, a member who has an effective date of membership before July 1, 1985, is entitled to a benefit of up to 90% of average compensation. Both Regular and Police/Fire members become fully vested as to benefits upon completion of five years of service.

Contributions

The authority for establishing and amending the obligation to make contributions and member contribution rates, is set by statute. New hires, in agencies which did not elect the Employer-Pay Contribution (EPC) plan prior to July 1, 1983, have the option of selecting one of two contribution plans. In one plan, contributions are shared equally by employer and employee. In the other plan, employees can take a reduced salary and have contributions made by the employer (EPC).

PERS' basic funding policy provides for periodic contributions at a level pattern of cost as a percentage of salary throughout an employee's working lifetime in order to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

PERS receives an actuarial valuation on an annual basis indicating the contribution rates required to fund PERS on an actuarial reserve basis. Contributions actually made are in accordance with the required rates established by the Nevada Legislature. These statutory rates are increased/decreased pursuant to NRS 286.421 and 286.450.

The actuary funding method used is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. It is intended to meet the funding objective and result in a relatively level long-term contributions requirement as a percentage of salary.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 the Statutory Employer/employee matching rates were 15.25% for Regular and 22.00% for Police/Fire. The Employer-pay contribution (EPC) rate for fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 was 29.25% for Regular and 42.50% for Police/Fire. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 the Statutory Employer/employee matching rates were 14.50% for Regular and 20.75% for Police/Fire. The Employer-pay contribution (EPC) rate for fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 the Statutory Employer/employee matching rates were 14.50% for Regular and 20.75% for Police/Fire. The Employer-pay contribution (EPC) rate for fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 the Statutory Employer/employee matching rates were 14.50% for Regular and 20.75% for Police/Fire. The Employer-pay contribution (EPC) rate for fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 was 28.00% for Regular and 40.50% for Police/Fire.

The District's contributions were \$2,423,345 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

PERS Investment Policy

PERS' policies which determine the investment portfolio target asset allocation are established by the PERS Board. The asset allocation is reviewed annually and is designed to meet the future risk and return needs of PERS.

The following was the PERS Board adopted policy target asset allocation as of June 30, 2019:

	Target Allocation	Long-term Geometric Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class		
Domestic Stocks	42%	5.50%
International Stocks	18%	5.50%
U.S. Bonds	28%	0.75%
Private Markets	12%	6.65%

As of June 30, 2019, PERS' long-term inflation assumption was 2.75%.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's allocation percentage of the net pension liability was based on the District's total contributions due on wages paid during the measurement period. The District's proportion of the net pension liability is based on its employer contributions relative to the total employer contributions for all employers for the period ended June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .24089%, which is an increase of .00558% from the proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Pension Liability Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following presents the net pension liability of the District as of June 30, 2020, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 50,861,112	\$ 32,847,974	\$ 17,874,485

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, available on the PERS website.

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The total pension liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation Rate	2.75%
Productivity Pay Increase	0.50%
Projected Salary Increases	Regular: 4.25% to 9.15%, depending on service
	Police/Fire: 4.55% to 13.9%, depending on service
	Rates include inflation and productivity increases
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%
Other Assumptions	Same as those used in the June 30, 2019 funding actuarial
	valuation

Mortality rates for regular and police/fire members are based on the following table:

Healthy:	Headcount–Weighted RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Table projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016, set forward one year for spouses and beneficiaries.
	For ages less than 50^1 , mortality rates are based on the Headcount–Weighted RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables. Those mortality rates are adjusted by the ratio of the mortality rate for healthy annuitants at age 50 to the mortality rate for employees at age 50. The mortality rates are then projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016.
	¹ The RP-2014 Healthy Anuitant Mortality Tables have rates only for ages 50 and later.
Disabled:	Headcount–Weighted RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Table, set forward four years.
Pre-Retirement:	Headcount-Weighted RP-2014 Employee Table,

projected to 2020 with Scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of the experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016.

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% as of June 30, 2019. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan contributions will be made in amounts consistent with statutory provisions and recognizing the plan's current funding policy and cost-sharing mechanism between employers and members. For this purpose, all contributions that are intended to fund benefits for all plan members and their beneficiaries are included, except that projected contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries are not included.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2019.

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,116,006. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	rred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs	\$ 1,231,761 1,336,777	\$ 947,458
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	1,634,069
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the	2 122 026	C11 174
employer's proportionate contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 3,122,826 2,423,345	 511,174
Total	\$ 8,114,709	\$ 3,092,701

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$2,423,345 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through PERS (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 (the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2019) is 6.18 years.

Other estimated amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2021	\$ 819,184
2022	26,271
2023	618,309
2024	744,057
2025	353,904
Thereafter	36,938
Total	\$ 2,598,663

Additional Information

The PERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) is available on the PERS website at www.nvpers.org under Quick Links – Publications.

Note 10 - Risk Management

The District is exposed, as are all entities, to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District is fully insured for property and auto loss and liability with a \$1,000 to \$2,500 deductible. The District is covered up to a policy limit per occurrence of \$10,000,000 and \$20,000,000 annual aggregate in excess liability coverage. The District's policy contains various sub-limits established for earthquake, flood, equipment breakdown, errors and omissions and other items.

During the term of the Reno/Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Interlocal Agreement, workers' compensation was fully insured with the City of Reno's self-funded workers' compensation plan. Due to the termination of the Agreement, as of July 1, 2012, the District is no longer self-funded with the City of Reno but has purchased a guaranteed workers compensation insurance plan. However, the District is still required to pay workers' compensation claims costs to the City of Reno for those years the District was self-funded through the City of Reno's workers' compensation plan.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, the District and the City of Reno instituted a "pay as you go" system for workers' compensation claims. The District shared the combined losses with the Reno Fire Department (RFD). The District established the Workers' Compensation Fund to account for this program. The District bought out all workers' compensation liability for all claims incurred prior to July 1, 2012. Claims incurred prior to fiscal year 2012 remain the liability of the City of Reno under the buyout agreement. TMFPD will remain responsible for future Heart and Lung related workers' compensation claims on a "pay as you go" system.

Claims' liability and activity for the past two years were as follows:

Claims liability, July 1, 2018	\$ 1,361,316
Claims and changes in estimates Claims paid	54,608 (24,955)
Claims liability, June 30, 2019	1,390,969
Claims and changes in estimates Claims paid	40,657 (20,208)
Claims liability, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,411,418

Note 11- Tax Abatement

The District's tax revenues were reduced by \$170,207 under agreements entered into by the State Nevada. The state agreements include a partial abatement of one or more of personal property and local sales and use taxes imposed on aircraft, components of aircraft and other personal property used for certain purposes related to aircraft, a partial abatement of one or more of property and local sales and use taxes imposed on a new or expanded data center and on renewable energy facilities, and use taxes imposed on eligible machinery or equipment used by certain new or expanded businesses.

Note 12 – Commitments

On June 23, 2020, the District entered into an Interlocal Agreement to provide for financing, development, operation, and management of the Washoe County Regional Communications P25 System. Under the terms of the agreement, the District has committed to paying for an allocated portion of Washoe County's future debt obligation to upgrade the existing radio communication system to address new technology requirement sand aging/availability issues, radio coverage, and mutual aid interconnection. Once Washoe County issues the debt, the District will begin making annual payments to Washoe County. The District's portion of the debt is estimated at \$822,115 with estimated annual payments are \$70,430 over a term of 15 years.

Note 13- Subsequent Events

On July 1, 2020, the District established the Truckee Meadows Debt Service Fund. The primary purpose of the fund will be to account for the funds necessary to pay the interest and principal on any long-term debt and hold any funds that may be necessary to fund any reserve requirements. The source of revenues to be deposited in the fund will be transfers from the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection General Fund or Capital Projects Fund. The short-term and long-term plan for the expenditures from the fund will be for the debt service requirement and paying reasonable and customary agent and investment and any continuing disclosure fees for the debt, if any.

On July 22, 2020, the District entered into a sublease agreement as the lessor with The Turf Depot Nevada, Inc for the District's leased warehouse space. The term of the agreement expires on December 31, 2021 and includes monthly rental payments of \$6,134 for the first five months of the agreement and \$6,317 for the final twelve months.

On October 6, 2020, the District approved the issuance of \$2,100,000 of general obligation capital improvement bonds to defray wholly or in part the cost of acquisition of properties for stations including fixtures, structures, stations, other buildings and sites.

Required Supplementary Information Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2020

(Page 1 of 2)

	2020 Budgeted Amounts		2020		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes					
Ad valorem, general	\$ 19,748,845	\$ 19,748,845	\$ 19,640,065	\$ (108,780)	
Ad valorem, AB 104	246,855	246,855	290,264	43,409	
Licenses and permits					
Gaming, AB 104	30,000	30,000	61,274	31,274	
Other	1,000	1,000	800	(200)	
Intergovernmental			C 100	6 1 0 0	
Federal grants	-	-	6,109	6,109	
Consolidated taxes	9,134,413	9,134,413	9,021,756	(112,657)	
Real property transfer tax,	(2.55)		146.006	04.420	
AB 104	62,558	62,558	146,996	84,438	
Supplemental city/county	50(220	506 220	2 447 1 (2	1 0 4 0 0 2 5	
relief tax, AB 104	506,228	506,228	2,447,163	1,940,935	
Interlocal cooperative agreemen		595 000	570 527	(5.472)	
fire suppression	585,000	585,000	579,527	(5,473)	
Charges for services	68,000	98,055	48,000	(50.055)	
Services to other agencies Other	08,000	98,035	48,000	(50,055) 480	
Miscellaneous	-	-	400	400	
Investment earnings	143,699	143,699	251,251	107,552	
Net increase (decrease) in the	145,099	145,099	231,231	107,552	
fair value of investments	_	_	343,303	343,303	
Reimbursements	215,774	434,919	596,769	161,850	
Other	10,000	15,000	22,769	7,769	
	10,000	10,000	22,709	1,105	
Total revenues	30,752,372	31,006,572	33,456,526	2,449,954	
Expenditures					
Current					
Public safety function					
Fire					
Salaries and wages	15,397,402	15,420,457	15,956,883	(536,426)	
Employee benefits	9,321,454	9,328,454	9,319,048	9,406	
Services and supplies	6,182,737	6,226,882	4,628,701	1,598,181	
Capital outlay	-	180,000	172,528	7,472	
Total expenditures	30,901,593	31,155,793	30,077,160	1,078,633	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	/ .	/ .			
over Expenditures	(149,221)	(149,221)	3,379,366	3,528,587	

(Continued)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund (Budgetary Basis) Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Page 2 of 2)

	2020 B	udgeted Amounts	20	20
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out Capital Projects Fund Sick Annual Comp Benefits Contingency	\$ (800,0 (100,0 (300,0	00) (100,000)	(800,000) (100,000) -	300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,200,0	00) (1,200,000)	(900,000)	300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,349,2	21) (1,349,221)	2,479,366	3,828,587
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	7,238,9	15 7,238,915	8,995,640	1,756,725
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 5,889,6	94 \$ 5,889,694	\$ 11,475,006	\$ 5,585,312

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Major Special Revenue Fund - Emergency Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020 Budge	ted Amounts	2020		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues					
Miscellaneous					
Other	\$ 300,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 320,653	\$ 20,653	
Expenditures Current Public safety function Fire Salaries and wages Employee benefits	1,150,000 25,000	1,150,000 25,000	451,886 3,737	698,114 21,263	
Services and supplies	293,000	293,000	153,386	139,614	
Total expenditures	1,468,000	1,468,000	609,009	858,991	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,168,000)	(1,168,000)	(288,356)	879,644	
Fund Balances, Beginning of the Year	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,587,416	87,416	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 332,000	\$ 332,000	\$ 1,299,060	\$ 967,060	

Reconciliation of the General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) to the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis)

Vear	Ended	Iune	30	2020
I Cal	Lilucu	June	50.	2020

Revenues	General Fund (Budgetary Basis)	Internally Reported Funds	Eliminations	General Fund (GAAP Basis)
Taxes	\$ 19,930,329	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,930,329
Licenses and permits	62,074	÷ -	-	62,074
Intergovernmental	12,201,551	-	-	12,201,551
Charges for services	48,480	-	-	48,480
Miscellaneous	1,214,092	27,304		1,241,396
Total revenues	33,456,526	27,304		33,483,830
Expenditures Current				
Public safety	30,077,160	388,695		30,465,855
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	3,379,366	(361,391)	_	3,017,975
*				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		100.000	(100.000)	
Transfers in Transfers out	- (900,000)	100,000	(100,000) 100,000	- (800,000)
I ransiers out	(900,000)		100,000	(800,000)
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	(900,000)	100,000		(800,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,479,366	(261,391)	-	2,217,975
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	8,995,640	1,435,395		10,431,035
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 11,475,006	\$1,174,004	<u>\$-</u>	\$ 12,649,010

Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Differences between actual and expected	\$ 520,411 613,936	\$ 417,213 501,045	\$ 405,061 455,572
experience with regard to economic or demographic factors Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	(214,991)	(27,487) 2,295,853 (215,174)	(230,891)
Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability-beginning	919,356 9,817,792	2,971,450 6,846,342	629,742 6,216,600
Total OPEB liability-ending (a)	\$ 10,737,148	\$ 9,817,792	\$ 6,846,342
Plan fiduciary net position Benefit payments Contributions from employer Net investment income Administrative expense	\$ (214,991) 463,000 450,939 (34,450)	\$ (215,174) 435,094 (15,693)	\$ (230,891) 591,731 (16,744)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position-beginning	664,498 5,521,001	204,227 5,316,774	344,096 4,972,678
Plan fiduciary net position-ending (b)	\$ 6,185,499	\$ 5,521,001	\$ 5,316,774
District's net OPEB liability-ending (a) - (b)	\$ 4,551,649	\$ 4,296,791	\$ 1,529,568
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	57.6%	56.2%	77.7%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,004,299	\$ 15,660,842	\$ 13,199,783
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	28.4%	27.4%	11.6%

* GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Schedule of District's Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits

	2020	2019	2018		
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 1,113,849	\$ 1,037,001	\$ 650,895		
determined contribution	651,000	463,000			
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ (462,849)	\$ (574,001)	\$ (650,895)		
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 16,408,769	\$ 16,004,299	\$ 15,660,842		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.97%	2.89%	0.00%		

Schedule of District's Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits Last Ten Fiscal Years

* GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of District's Share of Net Pension Liability Public Employee's Retirement System of Nevada (PERS) Last Ten Plan Years

	District's portion of the net pension liability	sha	District's roportionate are of the net asion liability	District's vered payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2019	0.24089%	\$	32,847,974	\$ 11,759,724	279.33%	76.46%
2018	0.23531%	\$	32,090,988	\$ 11,003,348	291.65%	75.24%
2017	0.21270%	\$	28,288,166	\$ 9,712,107	291.27%	74.42%
2016	0.21696%	\$	29,197,203	\$ 9,271,513	314.91%	72.23%
2015	0.22129%	\$	25,358,762	\$ 8,435,593	300.62%	75.13%
2014	0.20583%	\$	21,451,071	\$ 7,783,987	275.58%	76.31%

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

	Statutorily required ontribution	rel statut	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		ribution ciency) acess	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2020	\$ 2,423,345	\$	2,423,345	\$	-	\$12,985,484	18.66%
2019	2,293,573		2,293,573		-	11,759,724	19.50%
2018	2,156,034		2,156,034		-	11,003,348	19.59%
2017	1,896,920		1,896,920		-	9,712,107	19.53%
2016	1,835,776		1,835,776		-	9,271,513	19.80%
2015	1,707,868		1,707,868		-	8,435,593	20.25%

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Note 1 - Internally Reported (Budgetary Basis) Funds

The accompanying Reconciliation of the General Fund (Budgetary Basis) to the General Fund (GAAP Basis) presents balances combined for external reporting purposes.

Budget to actual comparisons are presented for all funds of the District, as required by Nevada Revised Statutes. Such budget comparisons are required to be presented using the budget as adopted and approved by the State of Nevada Department of Taxation. However, guidance provided by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, specifies that two of these internally reported funds of the District do not meet the definition of special revenue funds and do not qualify to be separately presented for external reporting purposes.

These internally reported special revenue funds of the District (Sick Annual Comp Benefits Fund and Stabilization Fund) are combined with the General Fund for external reporting purposes.

Note 2 - Schedule of District's Contributions, OPEB

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, 2018, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported and projected forward to June 30, 2020.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial funding method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent of Pay
Inflation	3%
Salary increases	
0-4 years of service	8.00%
5 + years of service	3.00%
Discount rate	6.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
Pre-Medicare	Range between 4.6% to 7.0% annually
Medicare	Range between 4.6% to 6.7% annually
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	
Retirees before June 30, 2012 under City of Reno Plan	
(Pre-65)	40% retiree and dependent
(Post-65)	50% retiree and 100% dependent
Retirees hired on or before July 1, 2014	50% retiree and 100% dependent
Retirees hired after July 1, 2014	100% retiree and dependent

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 7.00 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 to 6.00 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018 and a change in the long-term inflation assumption from 2.50 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 to 3.00 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017 to 3.00 percent as of the measurement date of June 30, 2018.

Supplementary Information Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District

Reconciliation of the General Fund Balance Sheet (Budgetary Basis) to the General Fund Balance Sheet (GAAP Basis) - Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Assets	(Bud	General Fund lgetary Basis)		Internally Reported Funds	General Fund (GAAP Basis)		
Cash and investments	\$	11,460,179	\$	1,183,300	\$	12,643,479	
Accounts receivable	ψ	202,325	ψ	-	Ψ	202,325	
Taxes receivable		173,110		-		173,110	
Due from other governments		2,567,036		-		2,567,036	
Interest receivable		49,619		2,171		51,790	
Deposits		6,432		-		6,432	
Prepaid		29,602		-		29,602	
Total assets		14,488,303		1,185,471		15,673,774	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		2,190,948		11,467		2,202,415	
Due to other governments		547,658		-		547,658	
Unearned revenue		22,742		-		22,742	
Total liabilities		2,761,348		11,467		2,772,815	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue							
Property taxes		132,108		-		132,108	
Reimbursement		119,841		-		119,841	
Total deferred inflows of resources		251,949		-		251,949	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		36,034		-		36,034	
Assigned:							
For budget shortfall		3,211,220		-		3,211,220	
For compensated absences buyout		-		533,070		533,070	
Unassigned		8,227,752		640,934		8,868,686	
Total fund balances		11,475,006		1,174,004		12,649,010	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	14,488,303	\$	1,185,471	\$	15,673,774	

Combining Balance Sheet - Internally Reported (Budgetary Basis) Funds Reported as Part of the General Fund for External Reporting Purposes (GAAP Basis) - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

	ek Annual op Benefits Fund	Sta	bilization Fund	Internally Reported Total		
Assets Cash and investments Interest receivable	\$		638,763 2,171	\$	1,183,300 2,171	
Total assets	 544,537		640,934		1,185,471	
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	 11,467				11,467	
Fund Balances Assigned for compensated absences buyout Unassigned	 533,070		640,934		533,070 640,934	
Total fund balances	 533,070		640,934		1,174,004	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 544,537	\$	640,934	\$	1,185,471	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Internally Reported (Budgetary Basis) Funds Reported as Part of the General Fund for External Reporting Purposes Year Ended June 30, 2020

		ck Annual np Benefits Fund		bilization Fund	Internally Reported Total		
Revenues	Φ.		Φ.	07.004	\$	27.204	
Miscellaneous	\$	-	\$	5 27,304		27,304	
Expenditures Current							
Public safety		388,419		276		388,695	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(388,419)		27,028		(361,391)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in		100,000		-		100,000	
Total other financing courses (uses)		100,000				100,000	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(288,419)		27,028		(261,391)	
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year		821,489		613,906		1,435,395	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	533,070	\$	640,934	\$	1,174,004	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

Sick Annual Comp Benefits Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020 Budget	ed Amounts	2020				
Expenditures	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget			
Public safety function Salaries and wages Employee benefits	\$ 700,000 25,000	\$ 700,000 25,000	\$ 388,419	\$ 311,581 25,000			
Total expenditures	725,000	725,000	388,419	336,581			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(725,000)	(725,000)	(388,419)	336,581			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in							
General Fund	100,000	100,000	100,000				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(625,000)	(625,000)	(288,419)	336,581			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	731,055	731,055	821,489	90,434			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 106,055	\$ 106,055	\$ 533,070	\$ 427,015			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual - Stabilization Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020 Budget	ted A	nounts	2020				
	(Original		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Miscellaneous Investment earnings Net increase (decrease) in the fair value of	\$ 5,000		\$	5,000	\$	10,950	\$	5,950	
investments		-		-		16,354		16,354	
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		27,304		22,304	
Expenditures Current:									
Public safety function Services and supplies		500,000		500,000		276		499,724	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(495,000)		(495,000)		27,028		522,028	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		596,580		596,580		613,906		17,326	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	101,580	\$	101,580	\$	640,934	\$	539,354	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual -Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020 Bu	dgete	d Amounts		2020			
	Original		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
Revenues Miscellaneous Investment earnings Net decrease in the fair	\$ 5,00	0	\$ 45,000	\$	77,513	\$	32,513	
value of investments Reimbursements Other		- - -			106,389 12,216 15,000		106,389 12,216 15,000	
Total revenues	5,00	0	45,000		211,118		166,118	
Expenditures Current: Public safety function Services and supplies Capital outlay	1,304,03 1,256,27		1,304,034 6,946,275		678,769 1,720,108		625,265 5,226,167	
Total public safety	2,560,30	9	8,250,309		2,398,877		5,851,432	
Debt Service: Principal Interest Debt issuance costs	175,00 152,00		175,000 152,000		74,733		175,000 152,000 74,733	
Total debt service	327,00	0	327,000		74,733		401,733	
Total expenditures	2,887,30	9	8,577,309	2,473,610			6,253,165	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(2,882,30	9)	(8,532,309)		(2,262,492)		6,419,283	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Proceeds from asset disposition Proceeds from debt issuance Transfers in General Fund	800,00	- 0	- 4,415,000 800,000		15,010 4,415,000 800,000		15,010 - -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	800,00	0	5,215,000		5,230,010		15,010	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,082,30	9)	(3,317,309)		2,967,518		6,434,293	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,303,21	0	4,538,210		4,541,748		3,538	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,220,90	1	\$ 1,220,901	\$	7,509,266	\$	6,437,831	

Schedule of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual

Workers' Compensation Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2020

		2020 Budget	ted A	mounts	2020			
		Original		Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
Operating Expenses Services and supplies								
Claims Miscellaneous	\$	500,000 7,500	\$	500,000 7,500	\$	56,516 2,952	\$	443,484 4,548
Wiscenatious		7,300		7,300		2,952		4,348
Total operating expenses		507,500		507,500		59,468		448,032
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment earnings Net increase (decrease) in the fair		-		-		45,323		45,323
value of investments		-		-		67,450		67,450
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		-				112,773		112,773
Change in Net Position	\$	(507,500)	\$	(507,500)		53,305	\$	560,805
Net Position, Beginning of Year						1,153,004		
Net Position, End of Year					\$	1,206,309		

Schedule of Cash Flows - Budget and Actual - Worker's Compensation Fund

	2020 Budgeted Amounts		2020	
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Operating Activities Cash payments for services and supplies	\$ (507,500)	\$ (507,500)	\$ (23,161)	\$ 484,339
Investing Activities Investment earnings			113,531	113,531
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(507,500)	(507,500)	90,370	597,870
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	2,219,432	2,219,432	2,543,823	324,391
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 1,711,932	\$ 1,711,932	\$ 2,634,193	\$ 922,261
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from (used for) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used for operating activities			\$ (59,468)	
Change in Due to other government Pending claims	S		15,858 20,449	
Total adjustments			36,307	
Net Cash Provided (Used for) Operating A	Activities		\$ (23,161)	



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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Reno, Nevada

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) (a component unit of Washoe County, Nevada) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 25, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Erde Bailly LLP

Reno, Nevada November 25, 2020



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Auditor's Comments

To the Honorable Board of Fire Commissioners Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District Reno, Nevada

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Truckee Meadows Fire Protection District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the specific requirements of Nevada Revised Statues cited below. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the requirements of Nevada Revised Statues cited below, insofar as they related to accounting matters.

Current Year Statute Compliance

The required disclosure on compliance with Nevada Revised Statutes and the Nevada Administrative Code is contained in Note 2 of the financial statements.

Progress on Prior Year Statute Compliance

The District reported no instances of noncompliance with significant constraints on its financial administration during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Prior Year Recommendations

There were no findings for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Current Year Recommendations

We noted no material weaknesses and reported no significant deficiencies in internal control for the current year.

Erde Bailly LLP

Reno, Nevada November 25, 2020